

Accounting for amphibians' behaviour in drift fence optimisation: an exploratory study

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MIAUD Claude, JUMEAU Jonathan



Background photo : Théo De Gois

What kind of drift fence ?

Seasonal roadkill mitigation device

- Fence



Meven Le Brishoual

What kind of drift fence ?

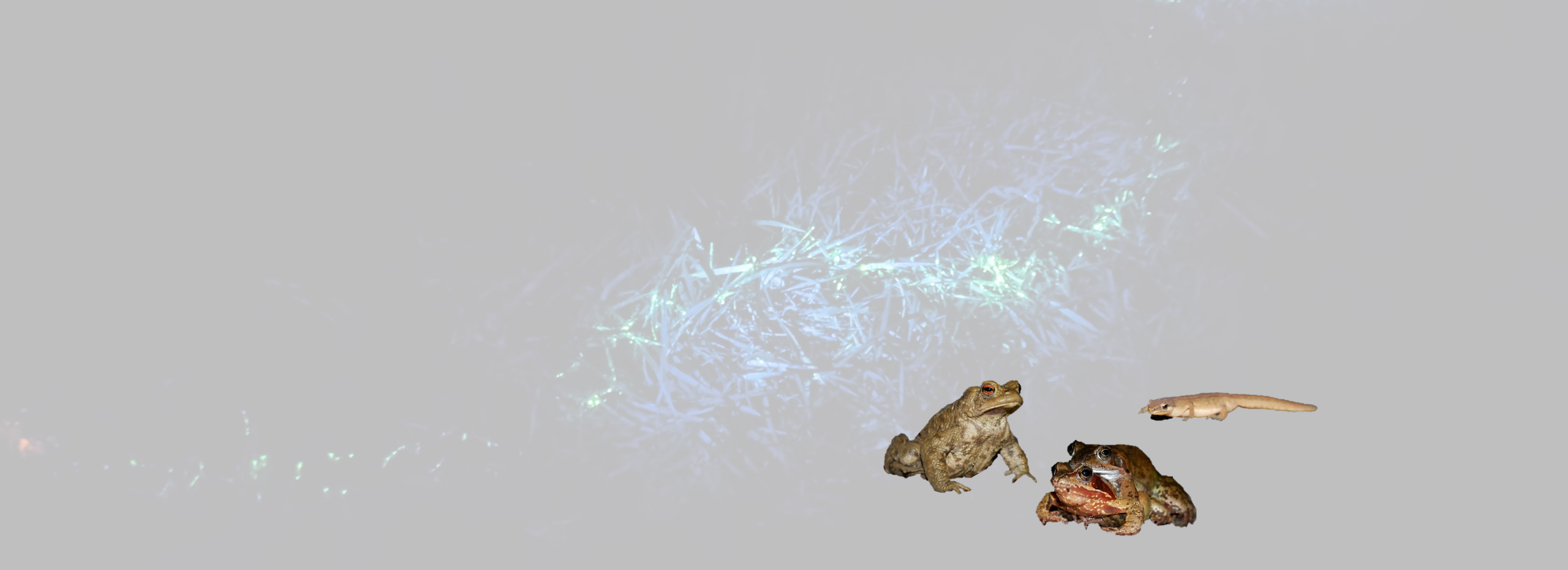
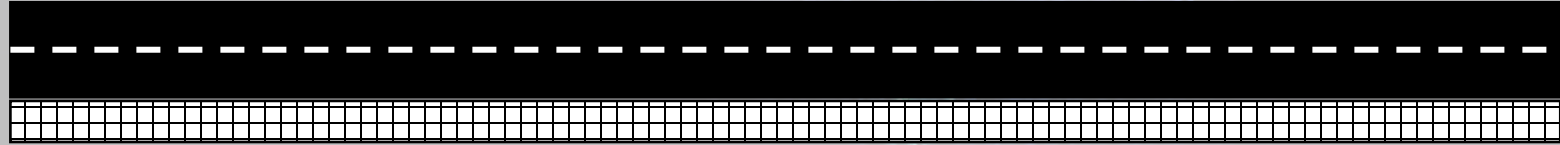
Roadkill mitigation device

- Fence
- Captation devices



How does it work ?

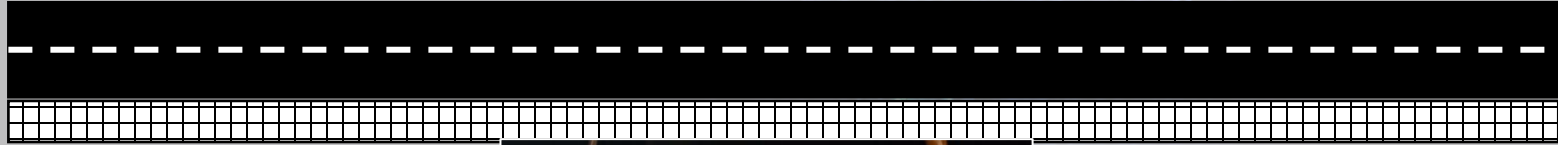
Exclusion function



How does it work ?

Exclusion function

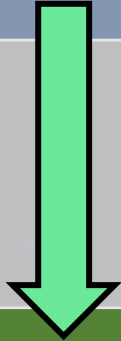
Prevent roadkills



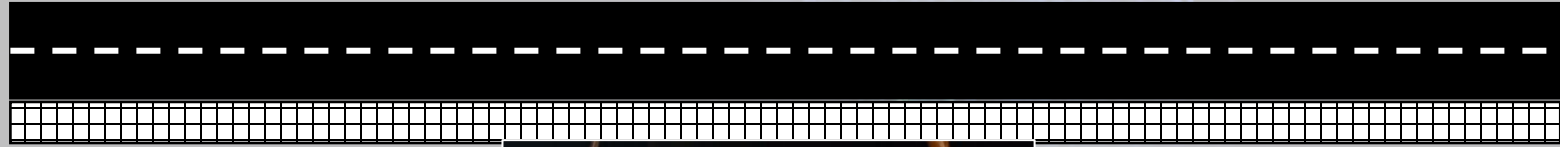
How does it work ?

Exclusion function

Prevent roadkills



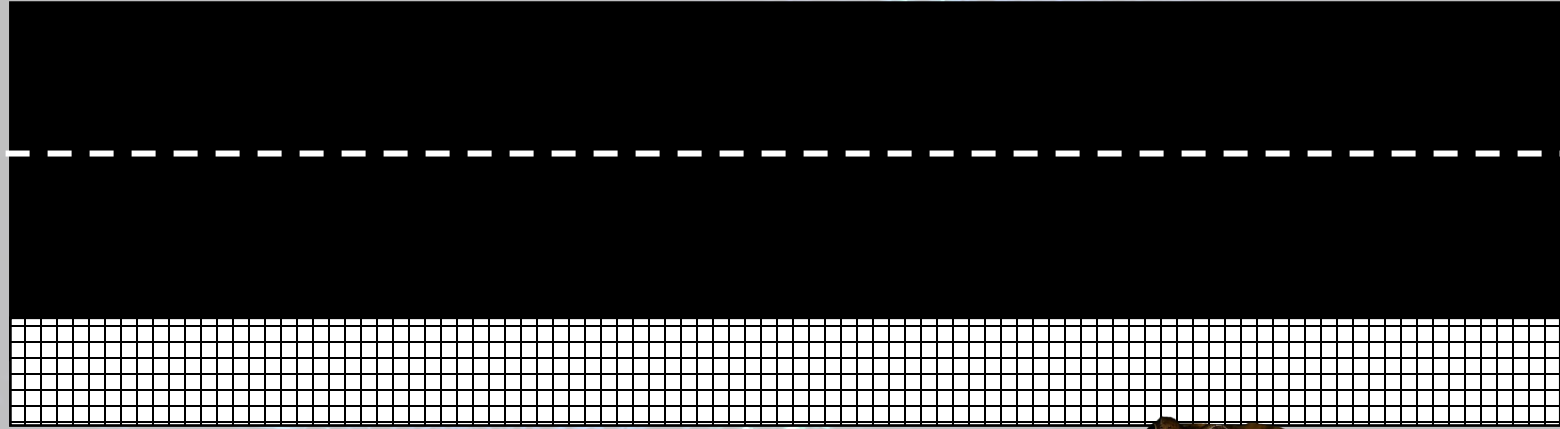
Reduce depletion



How does it work ?

Guiding function

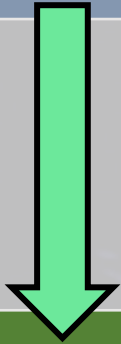
Help amphibians reaching
captation devices



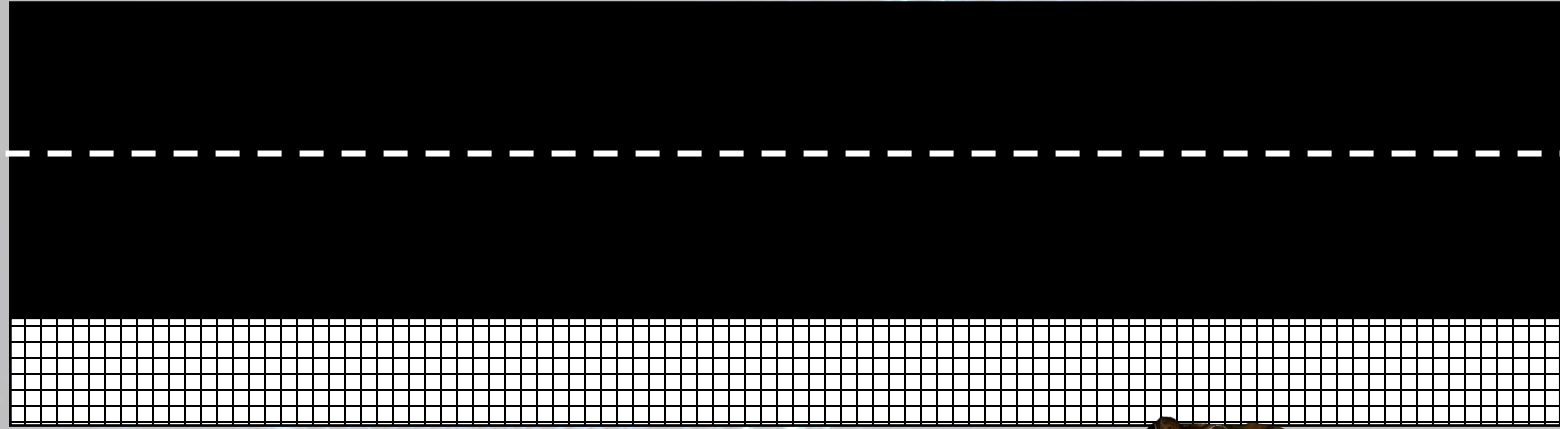
How does it work ?

Guiding function

Help amphibians reaching
captation devices



Maintain landscape
connectivity



How does it work ?

Guiding function

Help amphibians reaching
captation devices

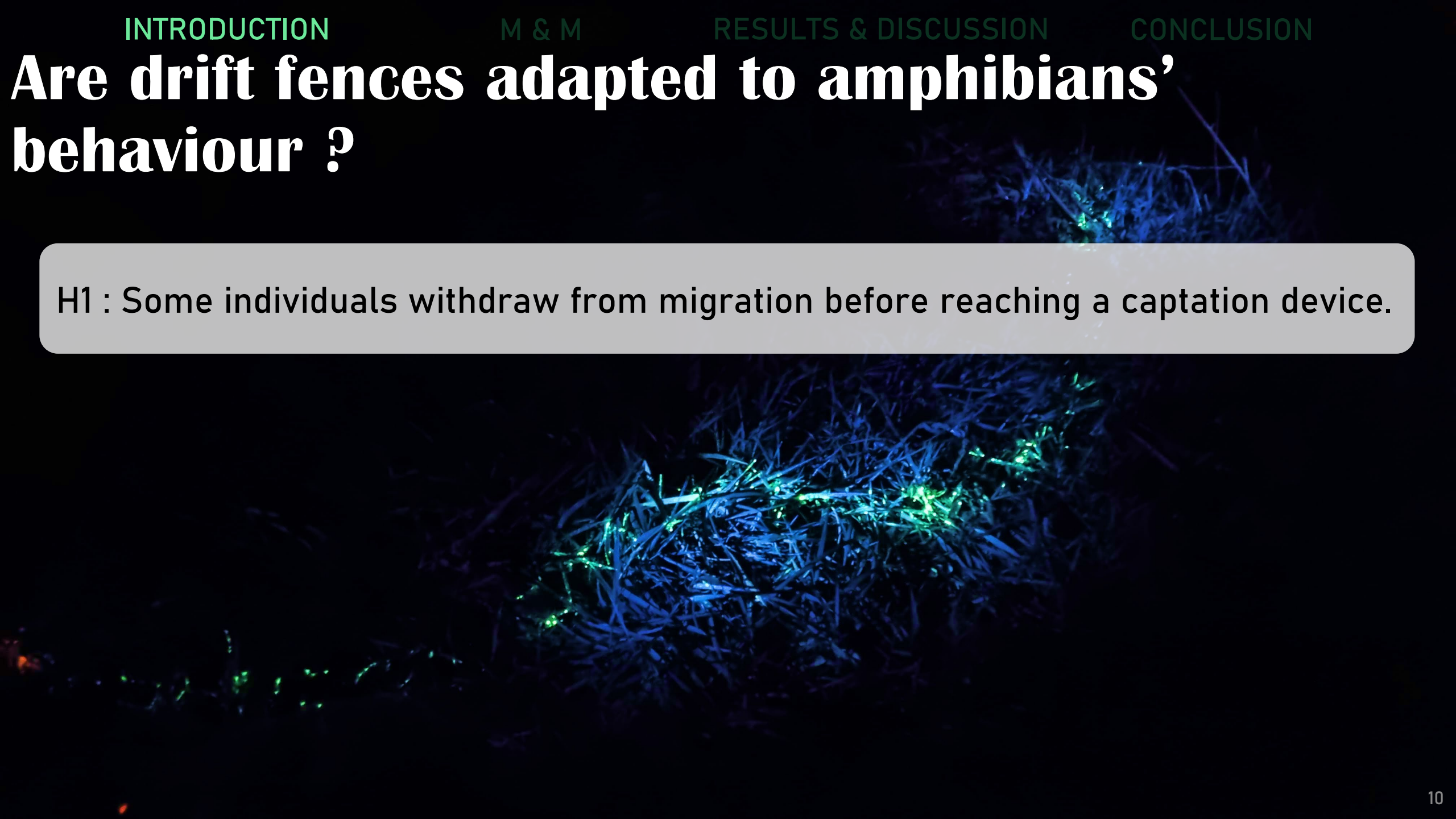
Maintain landscape
connectivity

POORLY
DOCUMENTED



Are drift fences adapted to amphibians' behaviour ?

H1 : Some individuals withdraw from migration before reaching a captation device.



Are drift fences adapted to amphibians' behaviour ?

H1 : Some individuals withdraw from migration before reaching a captation device.

H2 : Some individuals avoid captation devices.

Are drift fences adapted to amphibians' behaviour ?

H1 : Some individuals withdraw from migration before reaching a captation device.

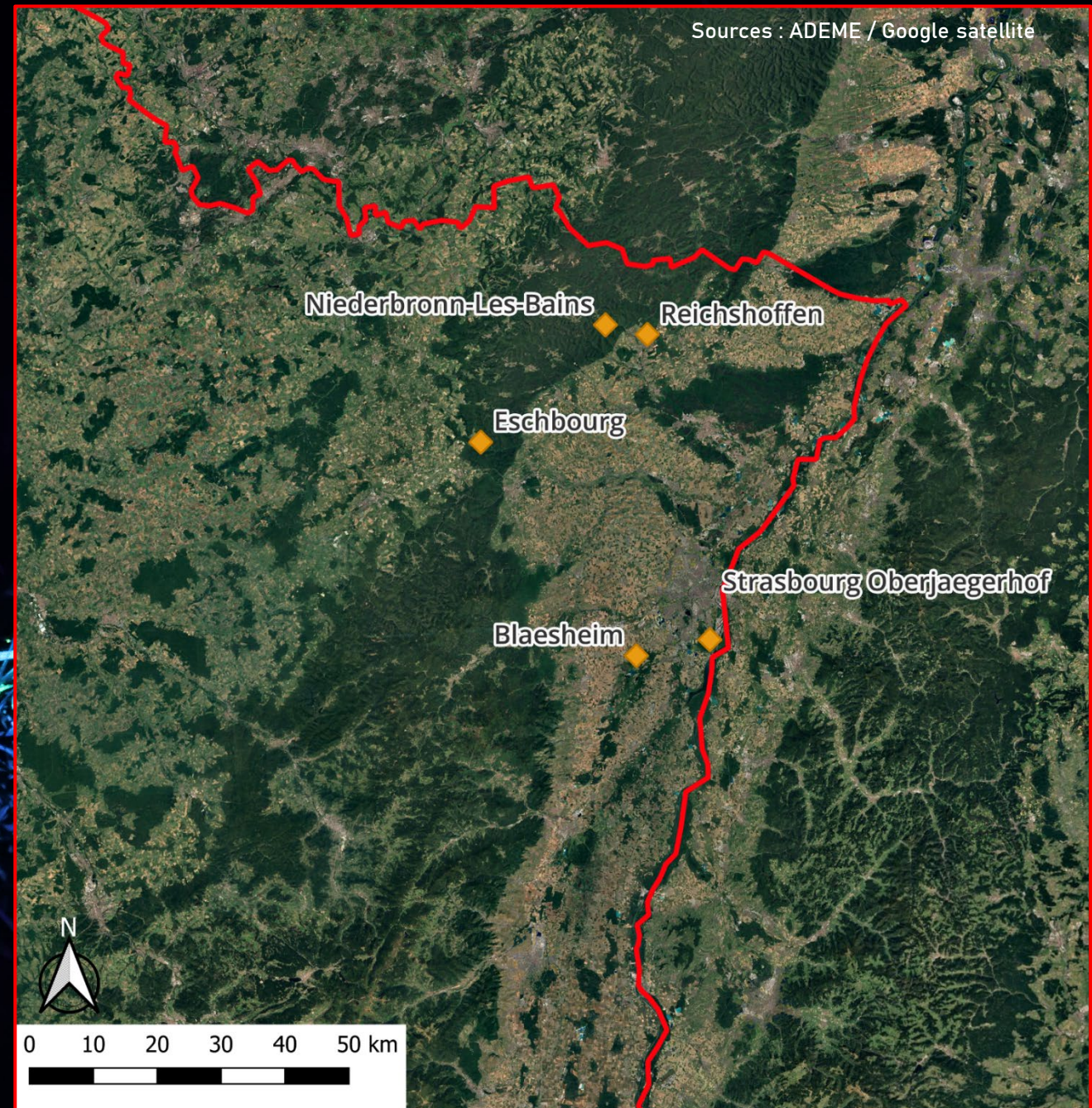
H2 : Some individuals avoid captation devices.

H3 : There is a species-dependent distance between captation devices that optimises capture probability.

Trajectometry survey

5 sites in Eastern France

Source : ADEME



Trajectory survey

Toads :

- *Bufo bufo*



Trajectometry survey

Toads :

- *Bufo bufo*

Frogs :

- *Rana temporaria*



Trajectometry survey

Toads :

- *Bufo bufo*

Frogs :

- *Rana temporaria*

Newts :

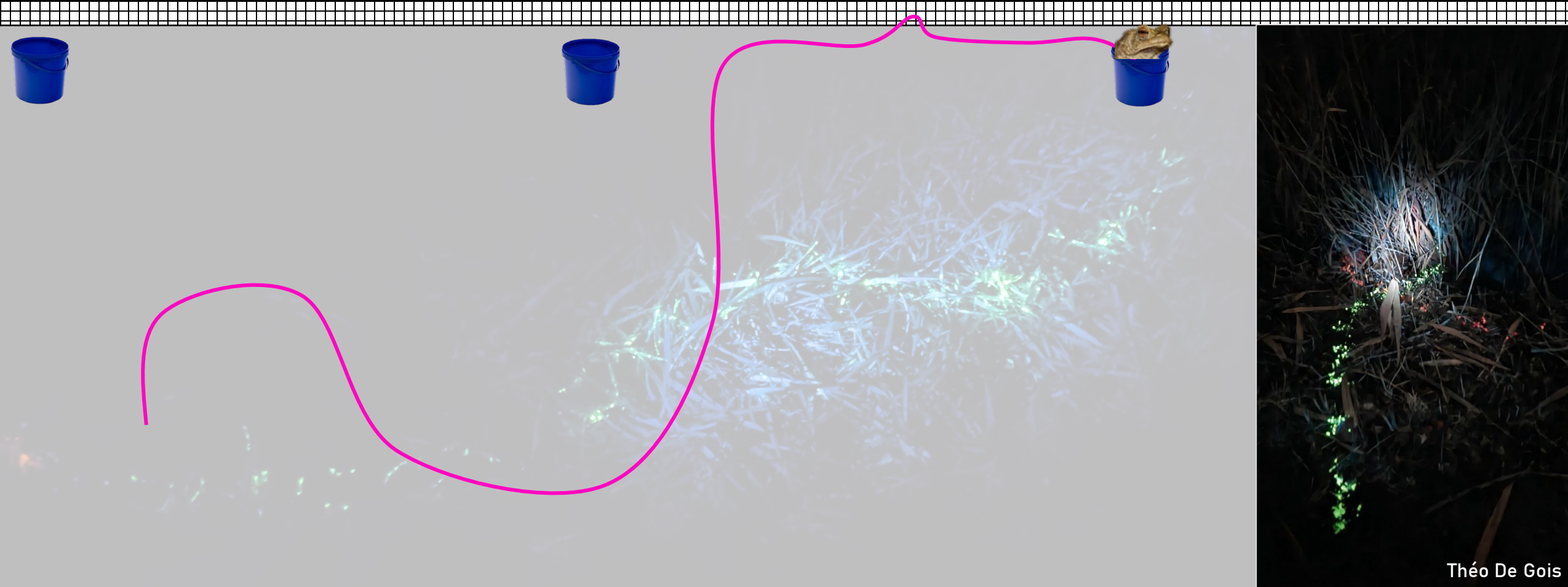
- *Ichthyosaura alpestris*
- *Lissotriton sp.*



Trajectometry survey

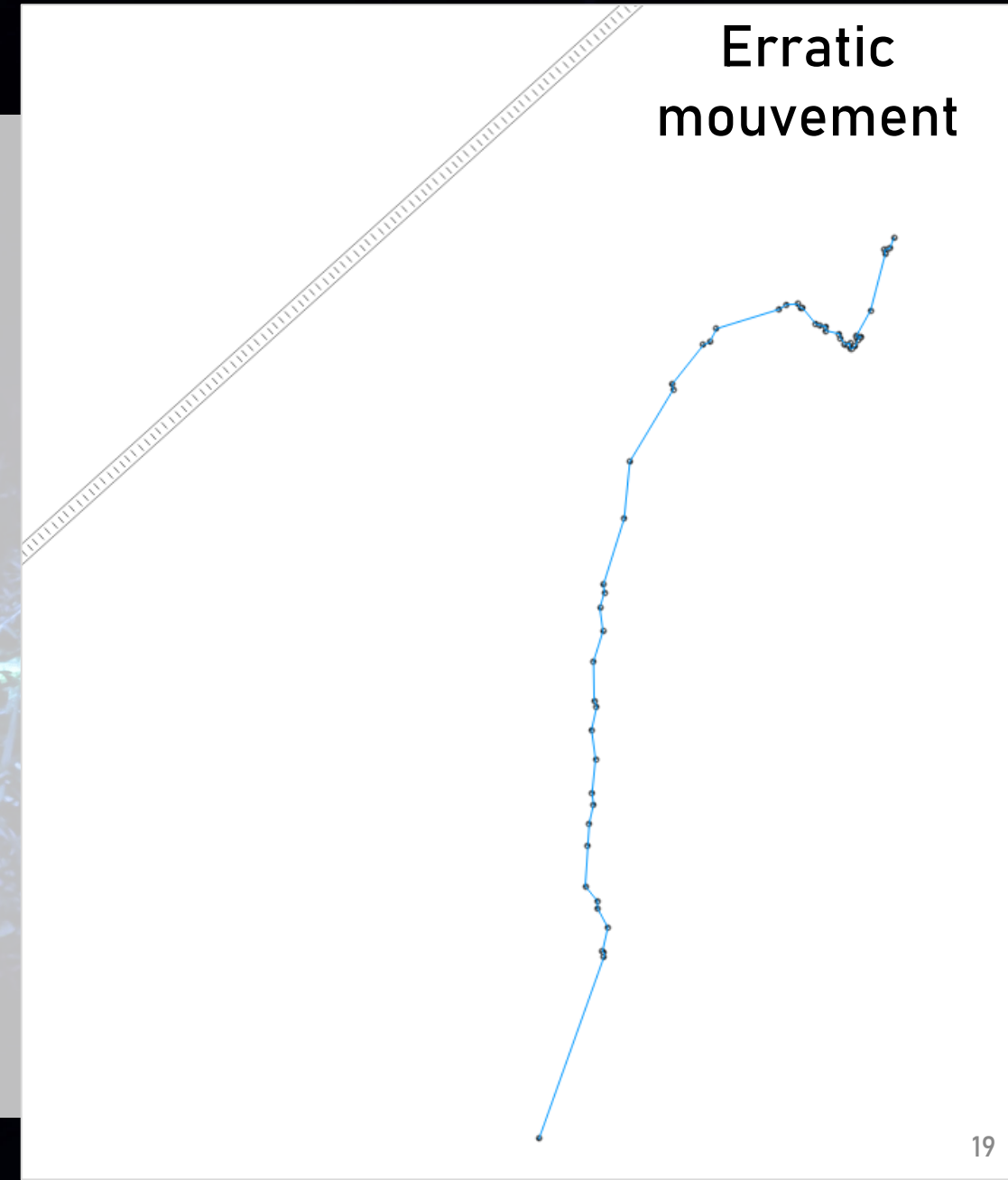


Trajectory survey



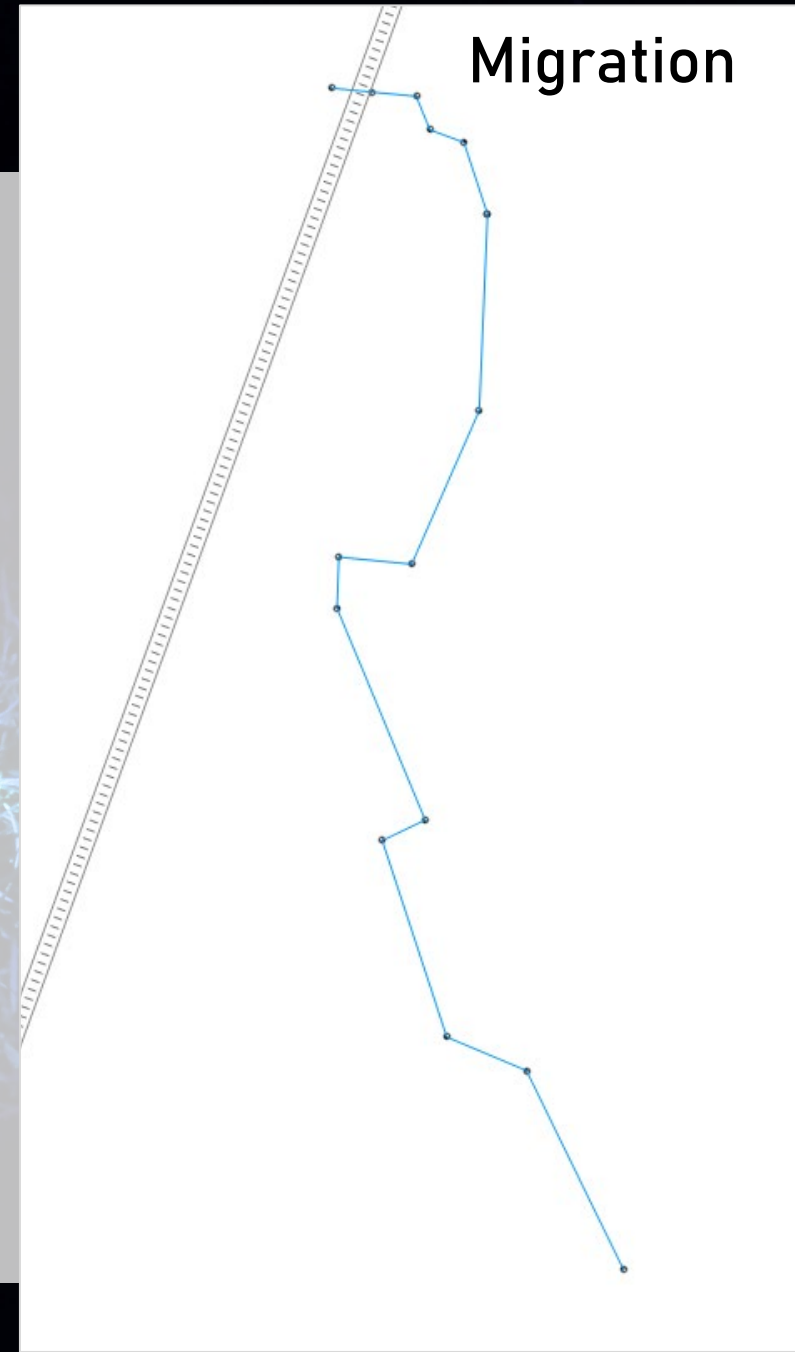
Stereotypical behaviours

- Interaction with the fence : **NO**



Stereotypical behaviours

- Interaction with the fence : **YES**
- Ends at the fence : **YES**

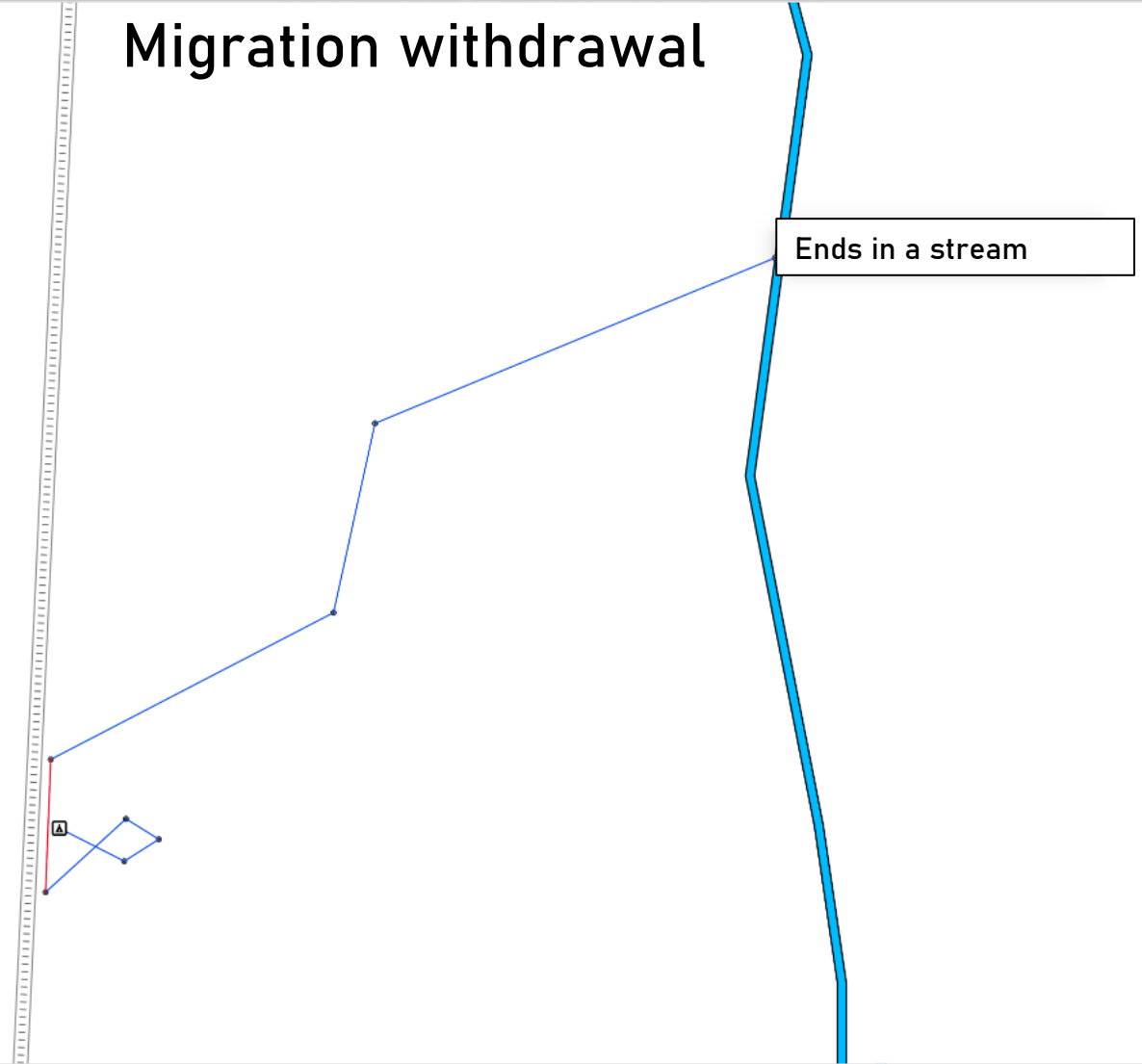


Stereotypical behaviours

- Interaction with the fence : **YES**
- Ends at the fence : **NO**

Migration withdrawal

Ends in a stream



Statistical analyses

- Species focused
- Behaviour focused

Statistical analyses

- Species focused →



- Behaviour focused

Statistical analyses

- Species focused →



- Behaviour focused → let's talk about it !

Number of tracks

Total : 103 tracks



29

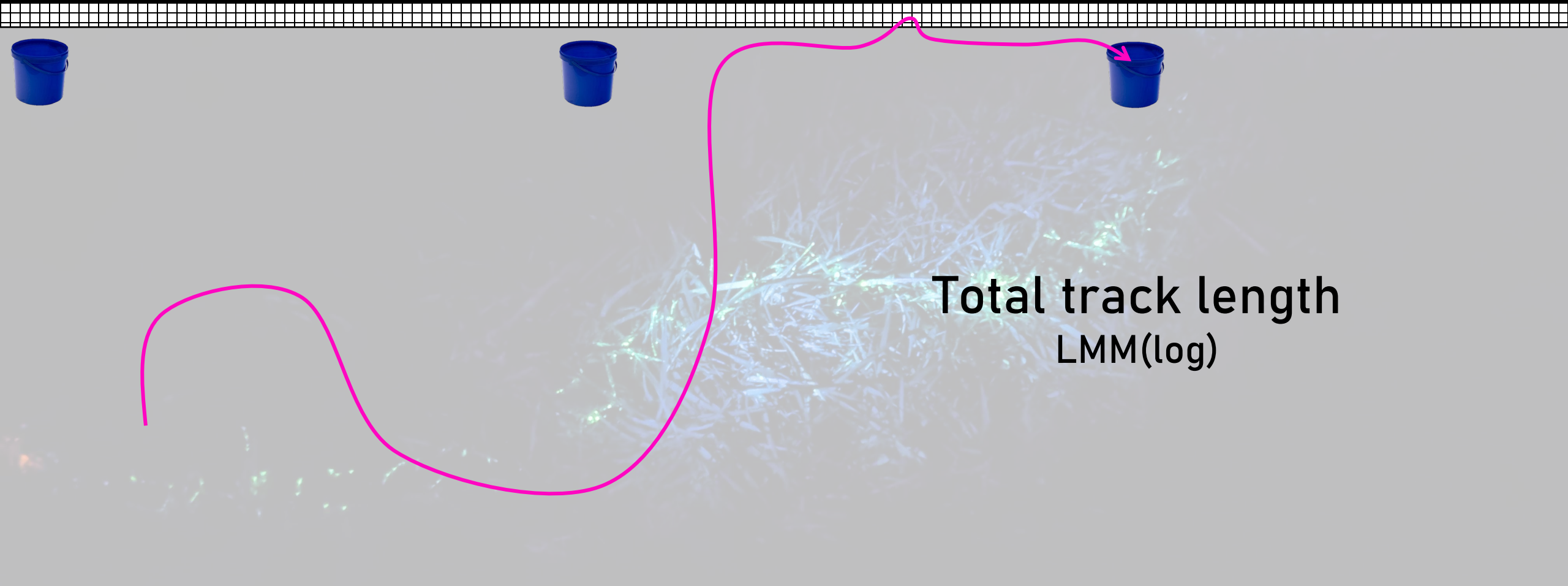


17



57

Total track length

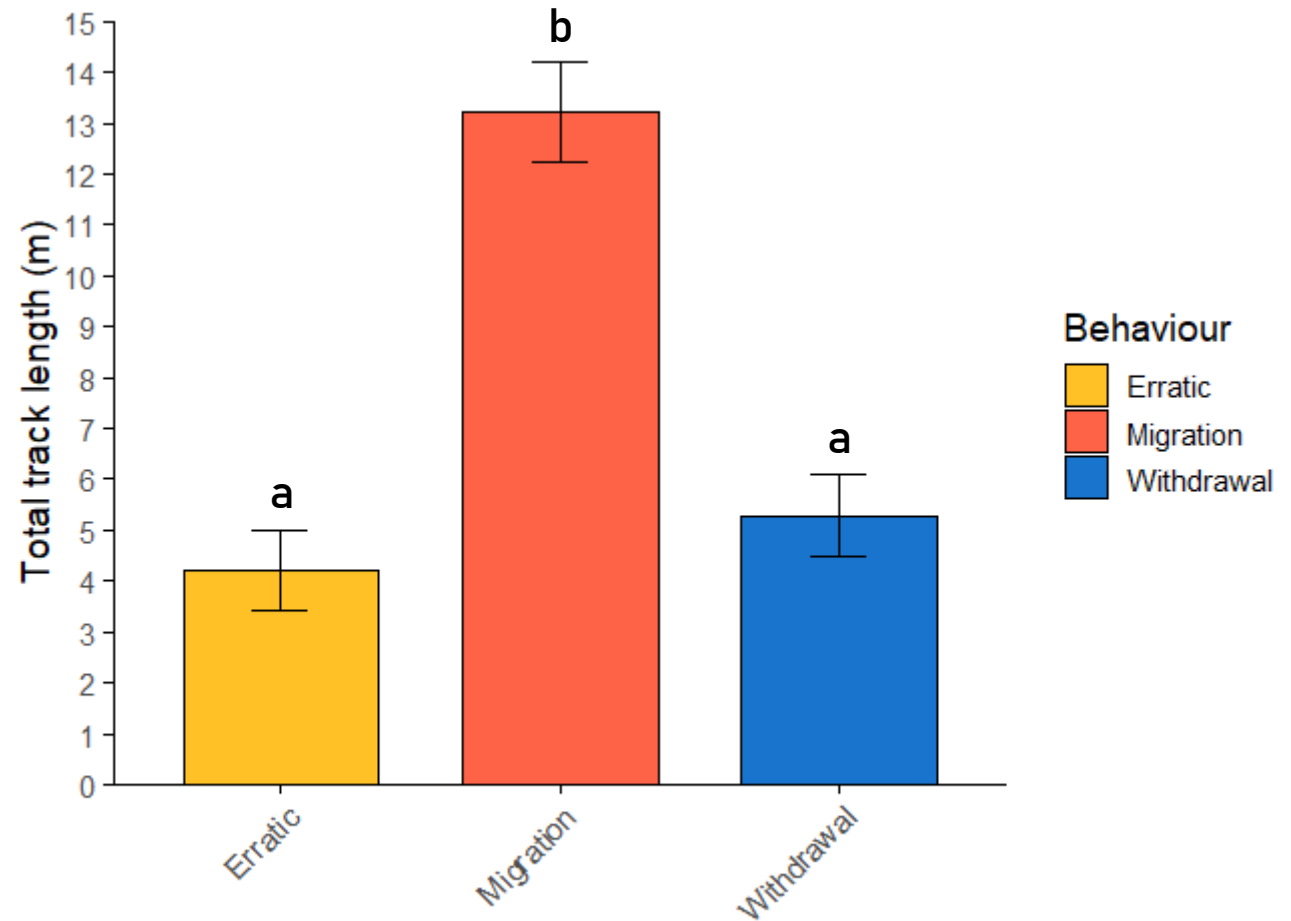


Total track length

Migration :
12.57 m (± 0.76)

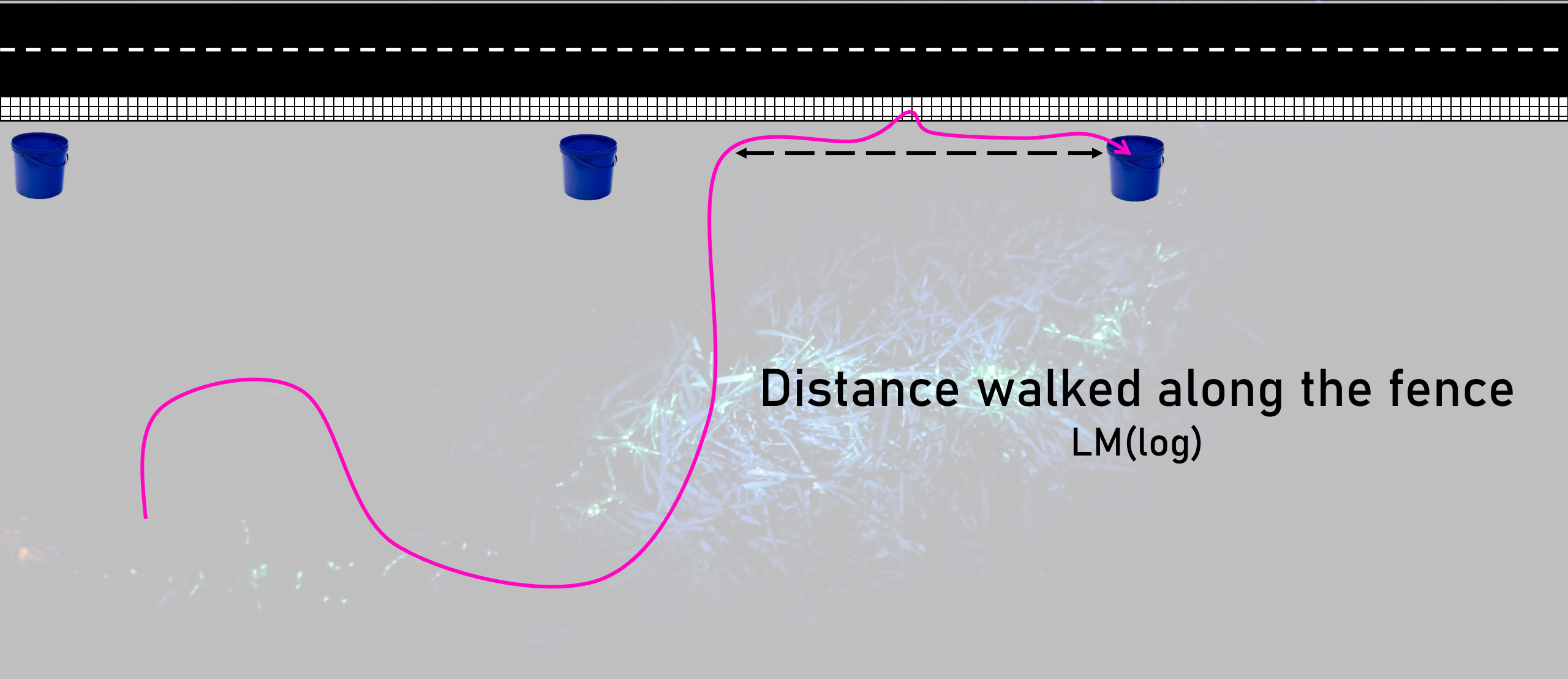
Erratic :
4.21 m (± 0.80)

Withdrawal :
5.29 m (± 0.80)



LMM(log), Anova : $p < 0.001$ (Tukey post hoc)

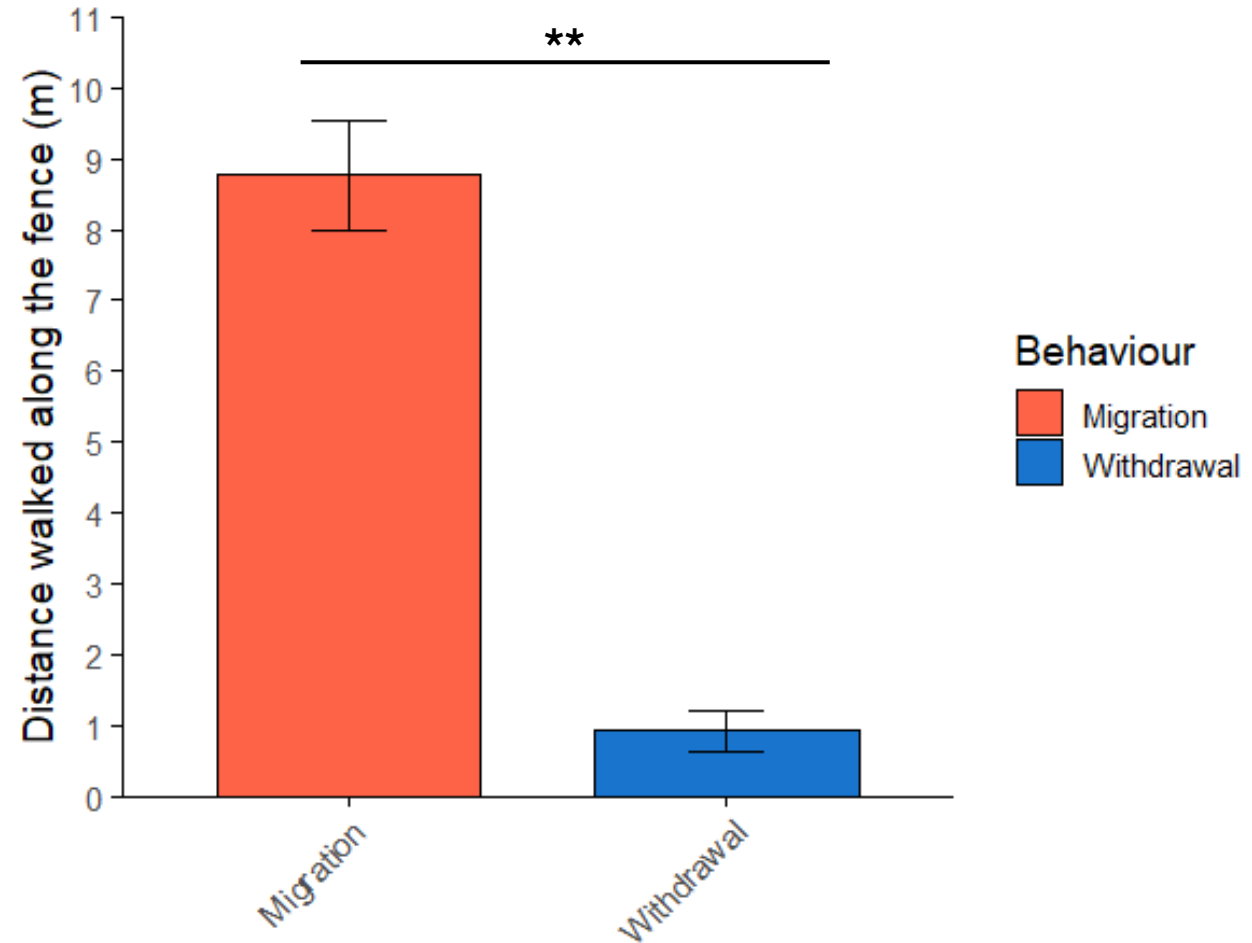
Distance walked along the fence



Distance walked along the fence

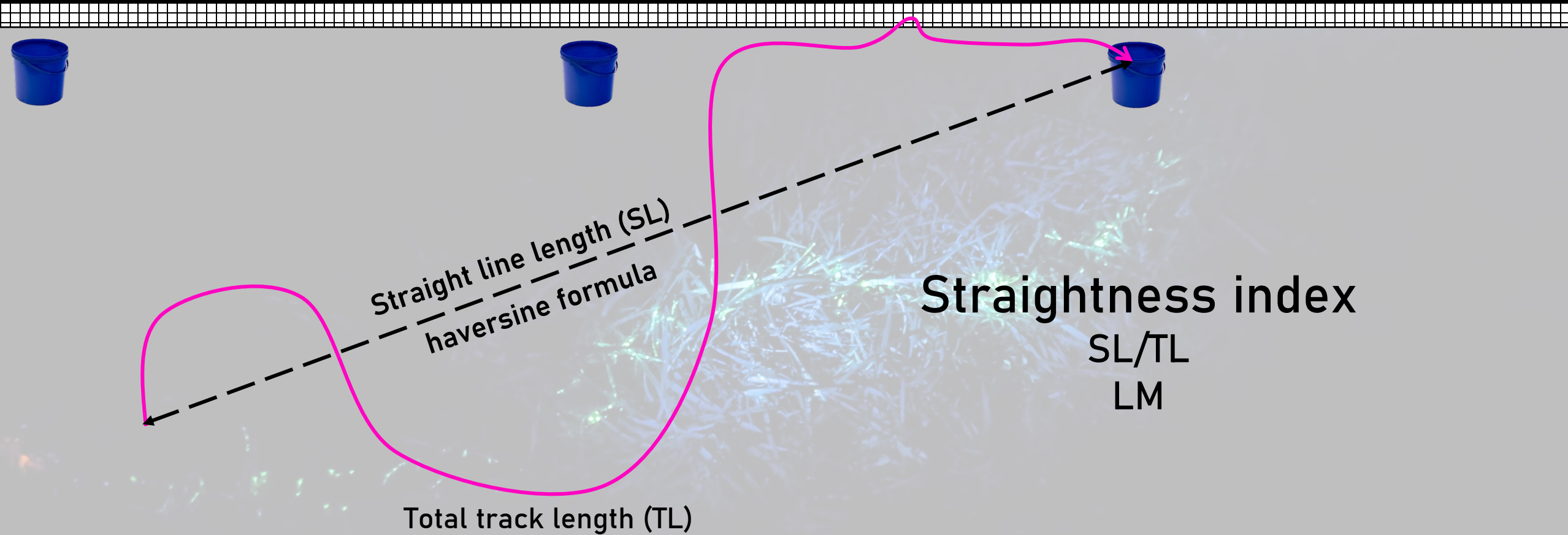
Migration :
8.76 m (± 0.77)

Migration withdrawal :
0.93 m (± 0.29)



LM(log), Anova : $p < 0.01$

Straightness

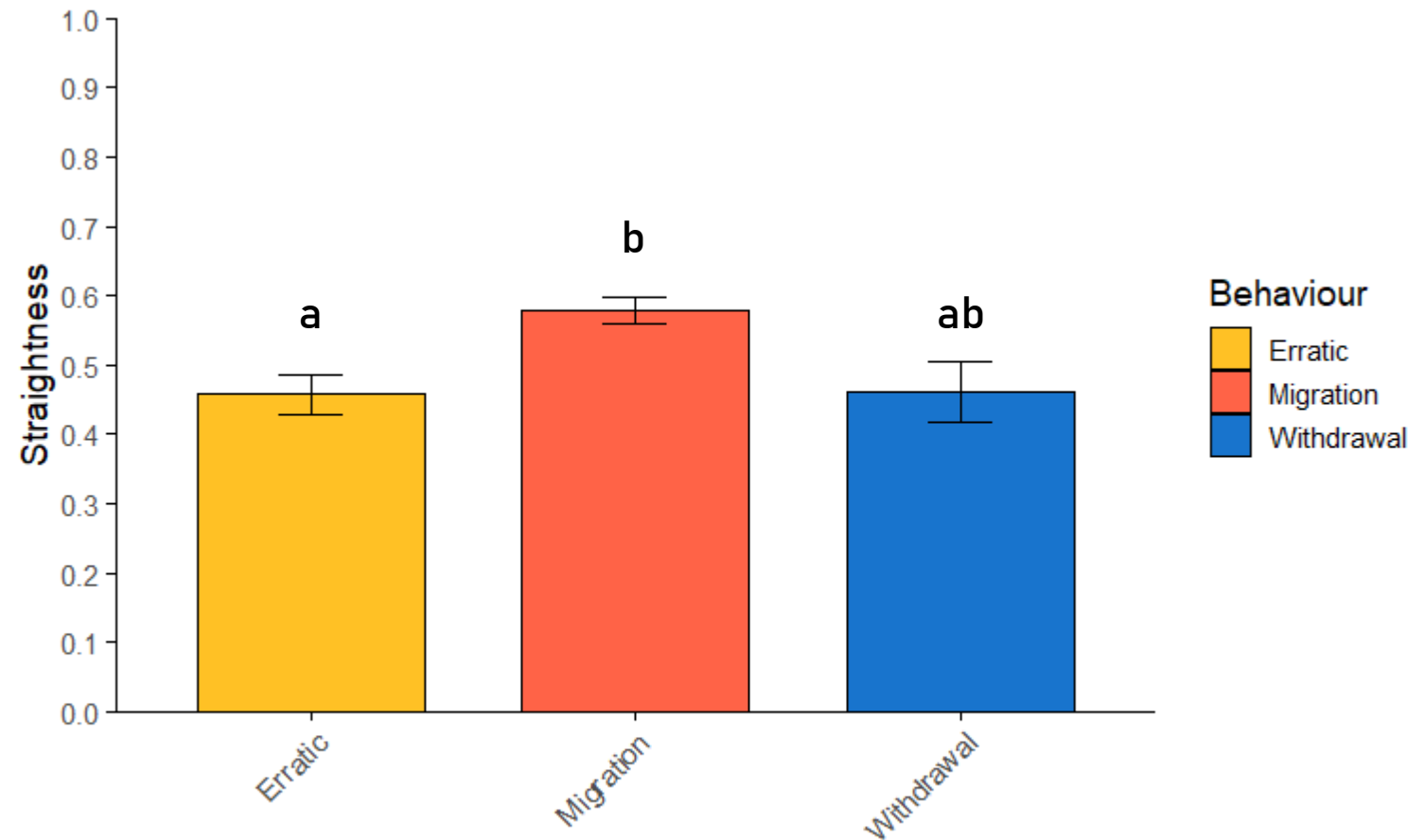


Straightness

Erratic mouvement :
 $0.45 (\pm 0.03)$

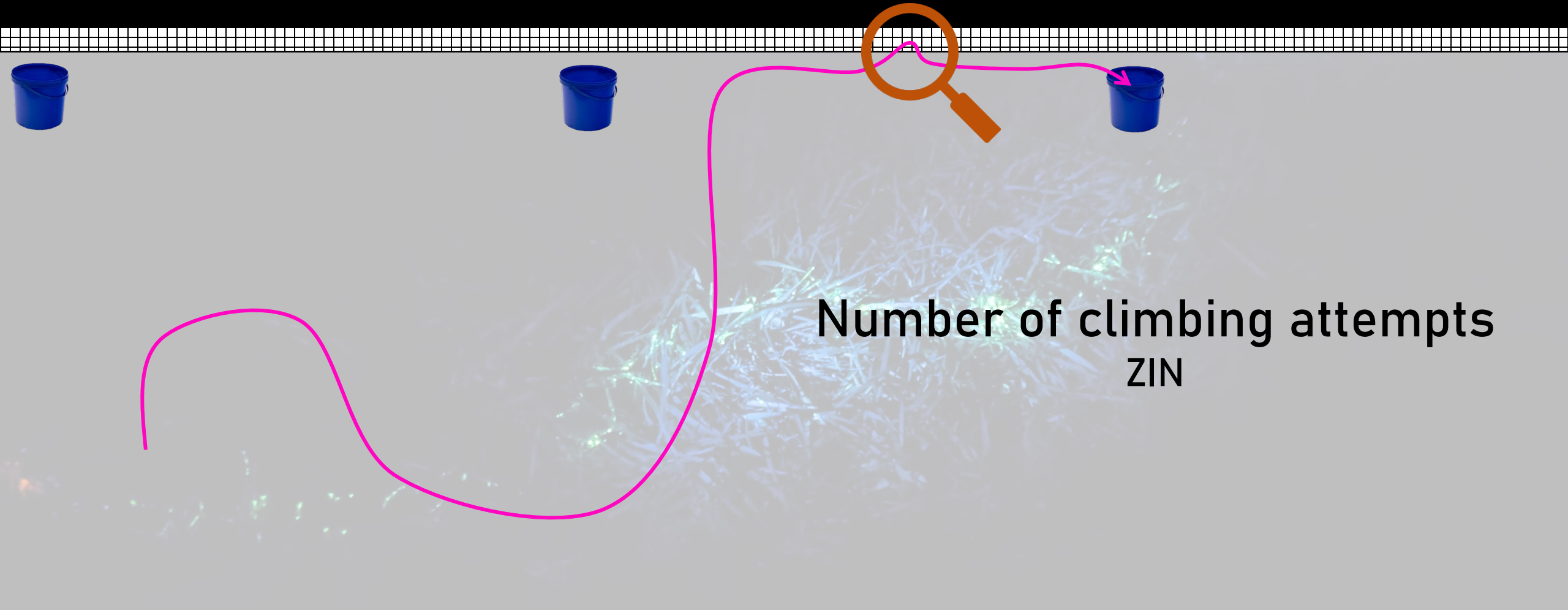
Migration :
 $0.58 (\pm 0.02)$

Migration withdrawal :
 $0.46 (\pm 0.04)$



LM, anova : $p < 0.01$ (Tukey post hoc)

Climbing attempts

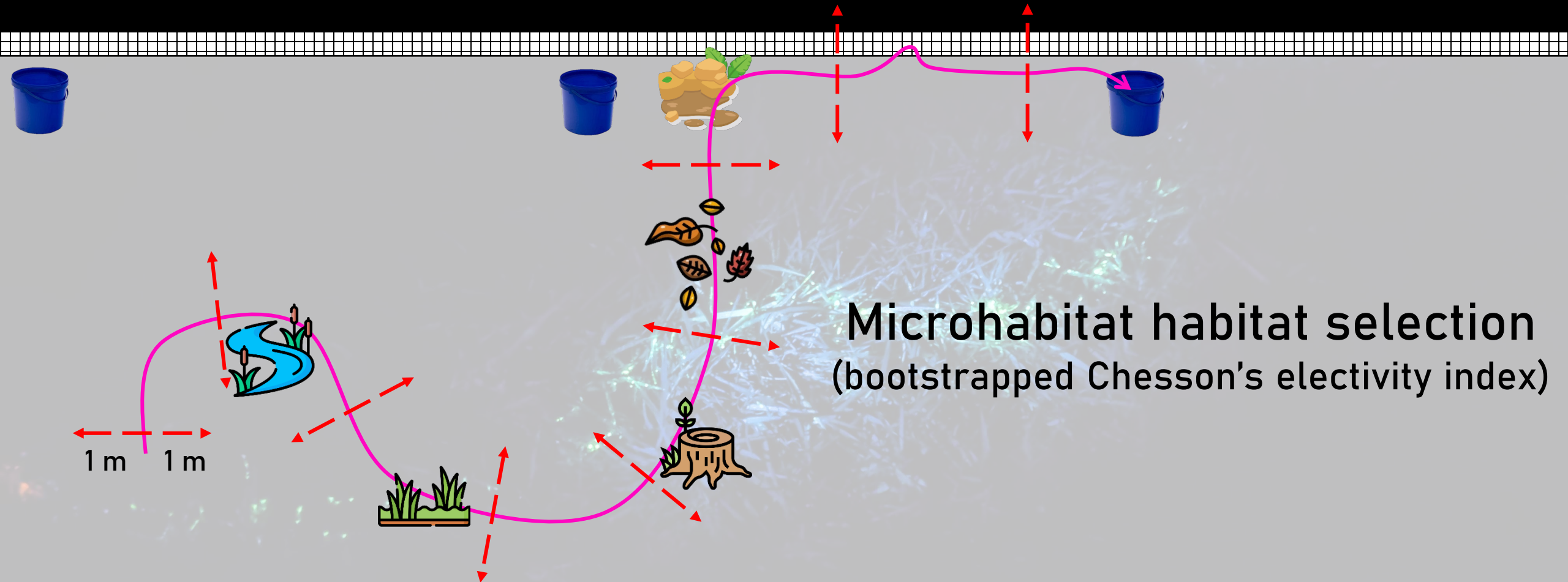


Climbing attempts

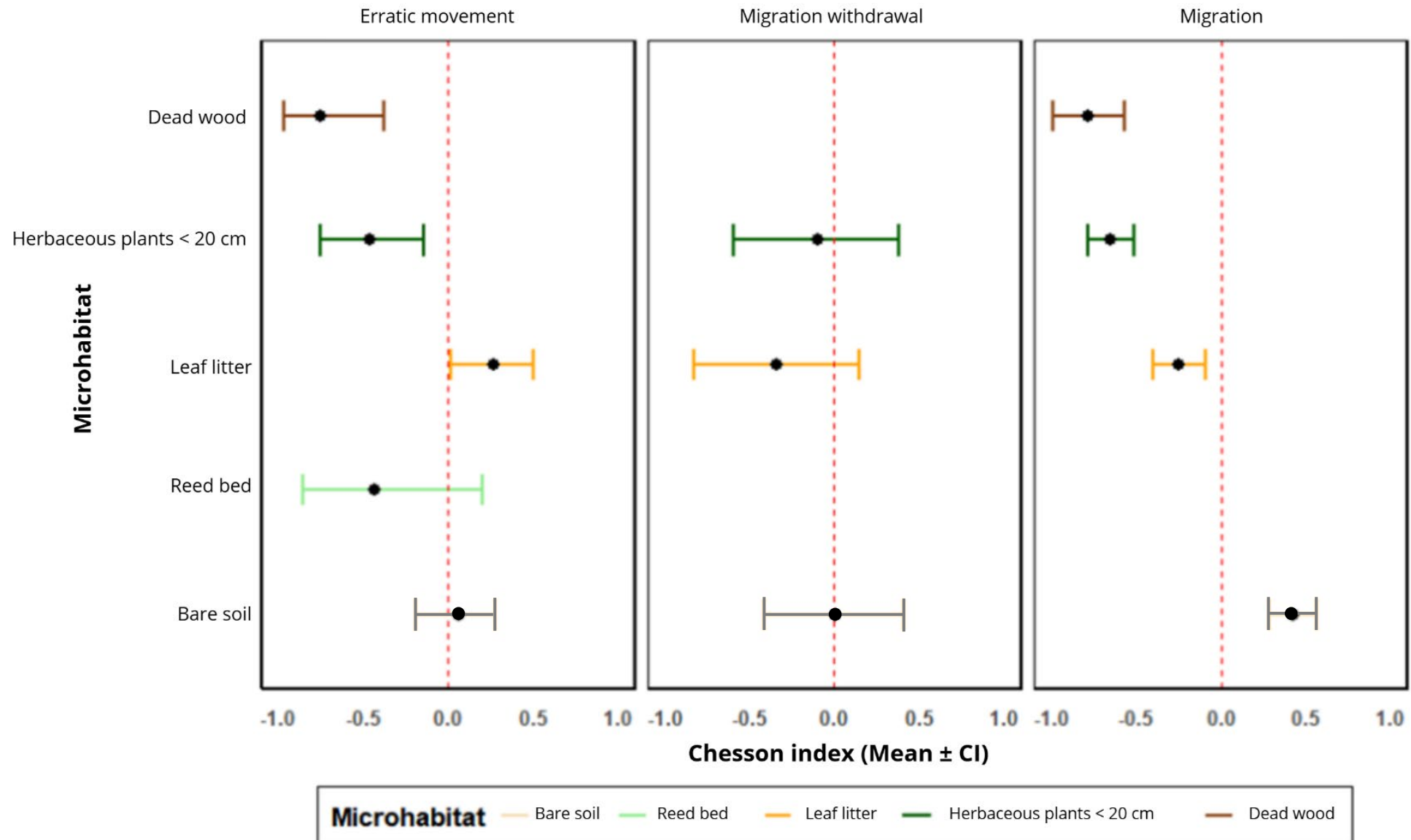
ZIN, anova $p = 0.42$

Mean climbing attempts : $2.68 (\pm 0.54)$

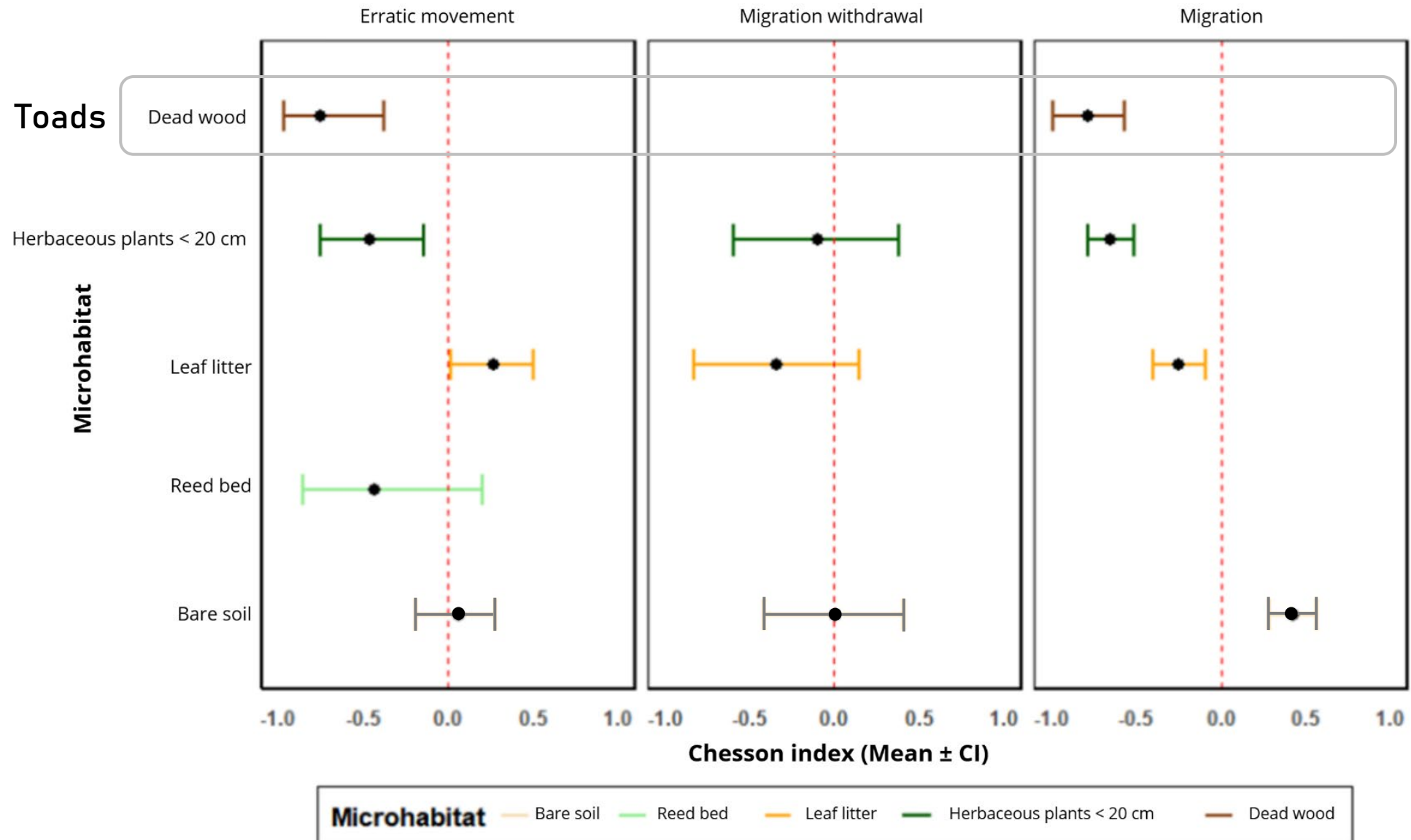
Microhabitats



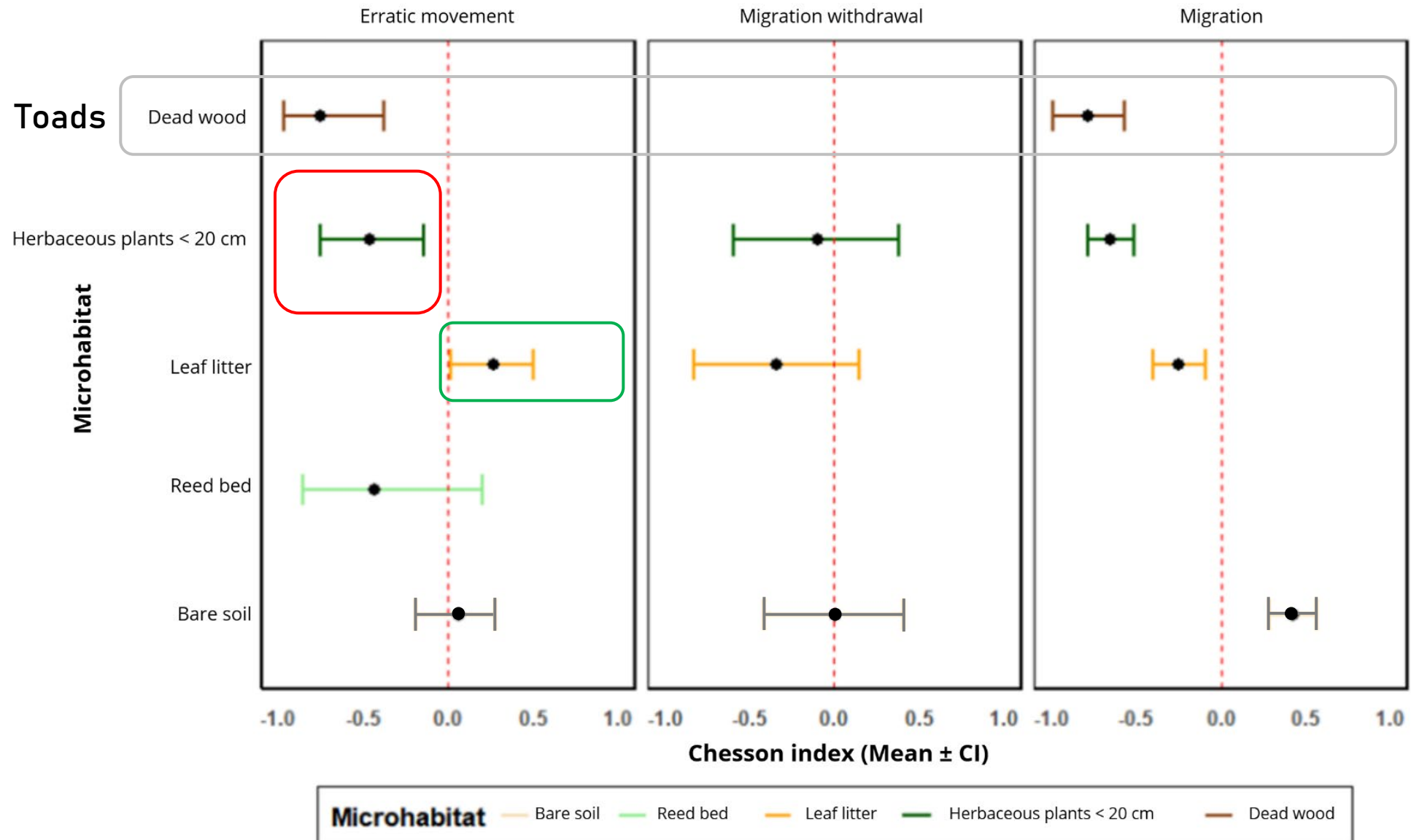
Microhabitats



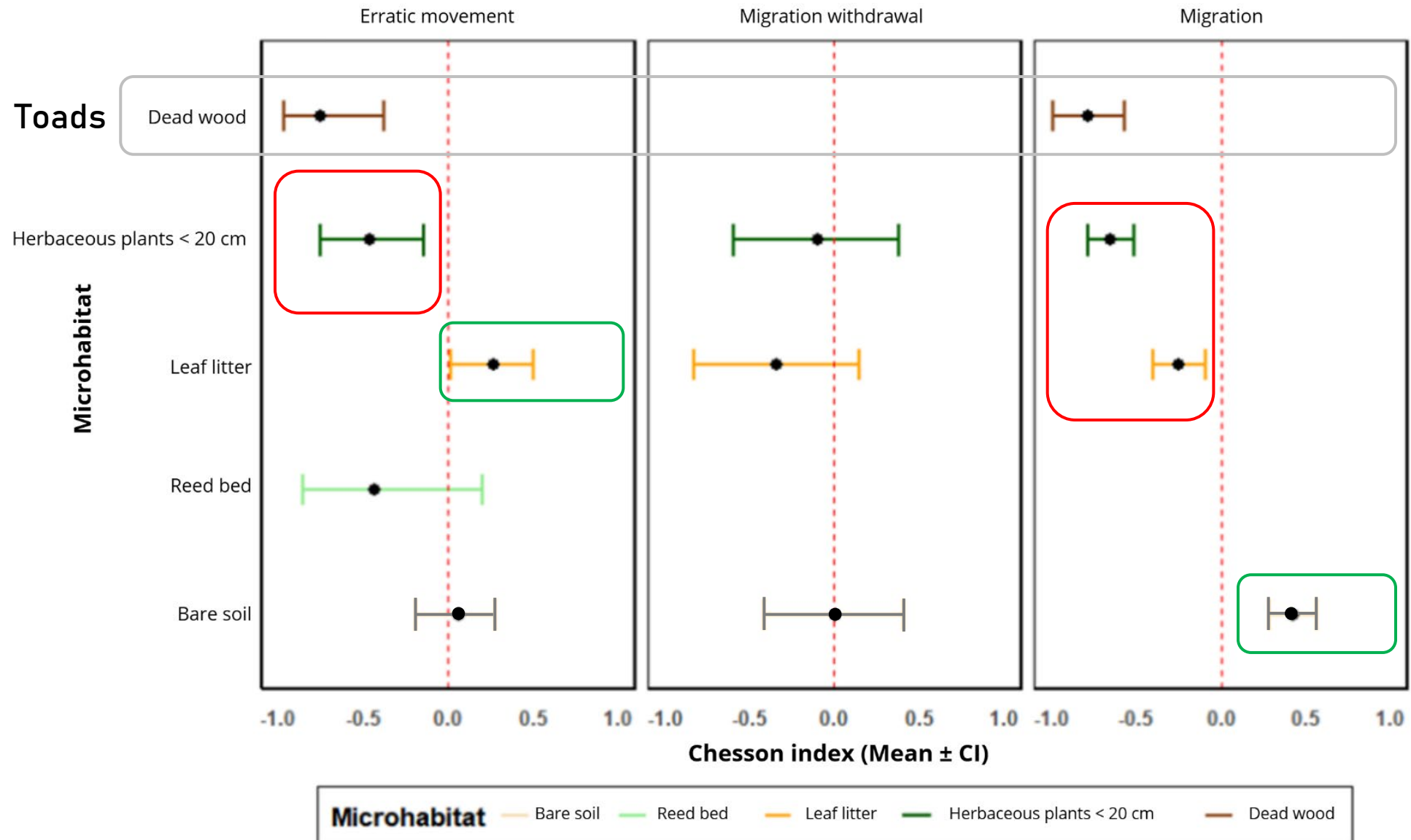
Microhabitats



Microhabitats



Microhabitats

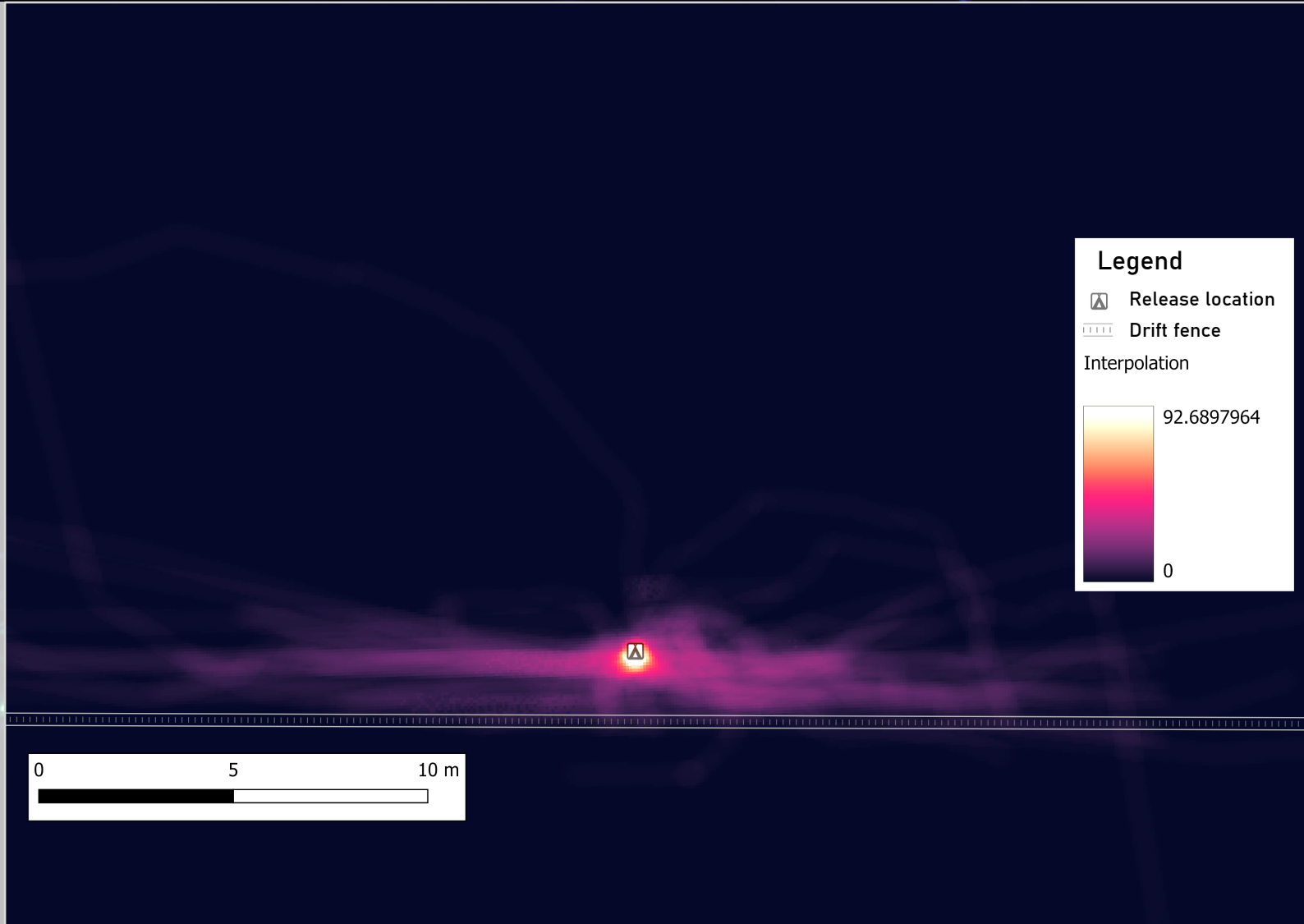


Stereotypical behaviours

Migration (n = 72)

- Long distances
- Higher straightness
- Selection of bare soil, avoidance of leaf litter

→ Stays at the fence

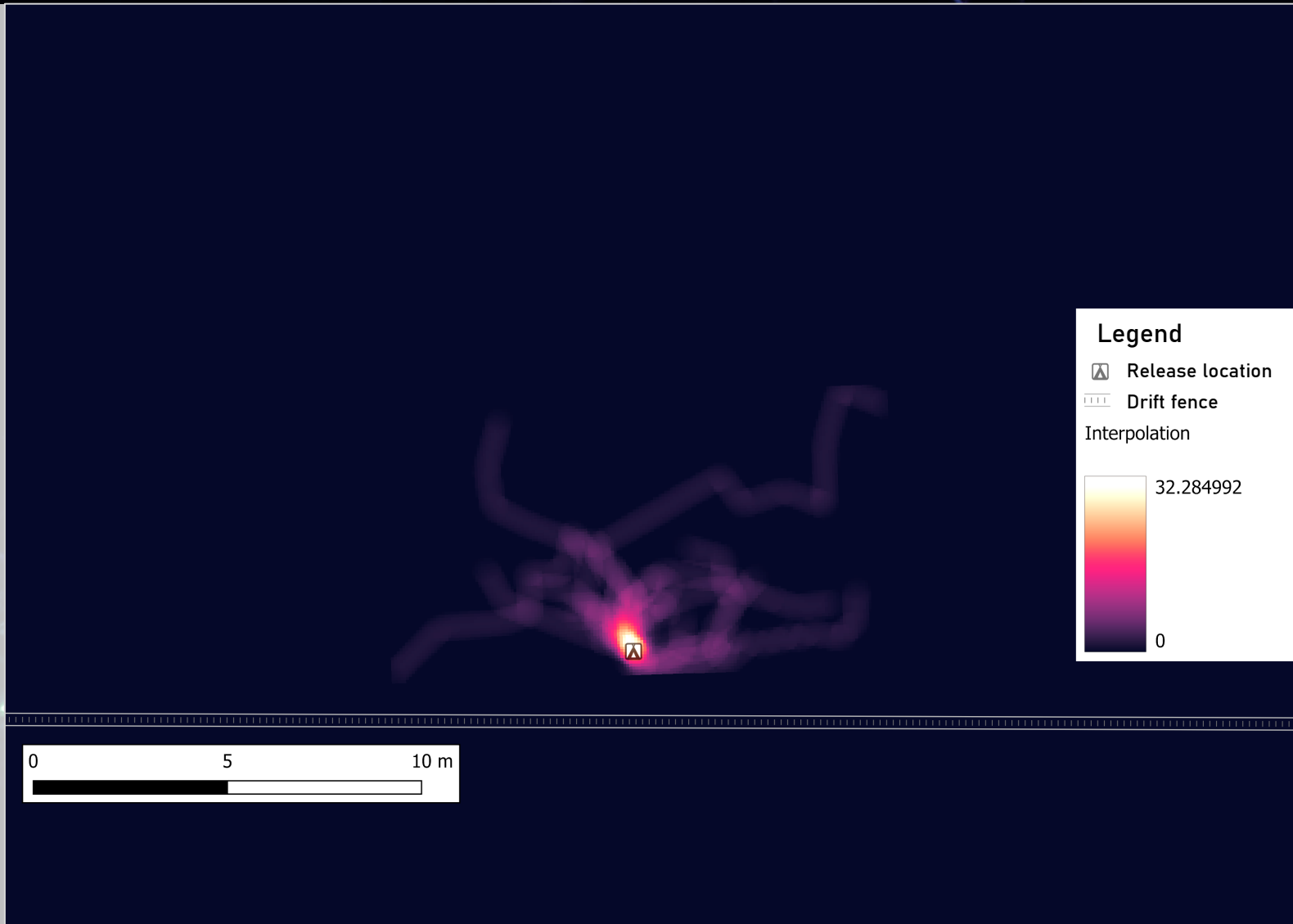


Stereotypical behaviours

Erratic movement
(n = 22)

- Selection of leaf litter

→ Foraging for food or shelter

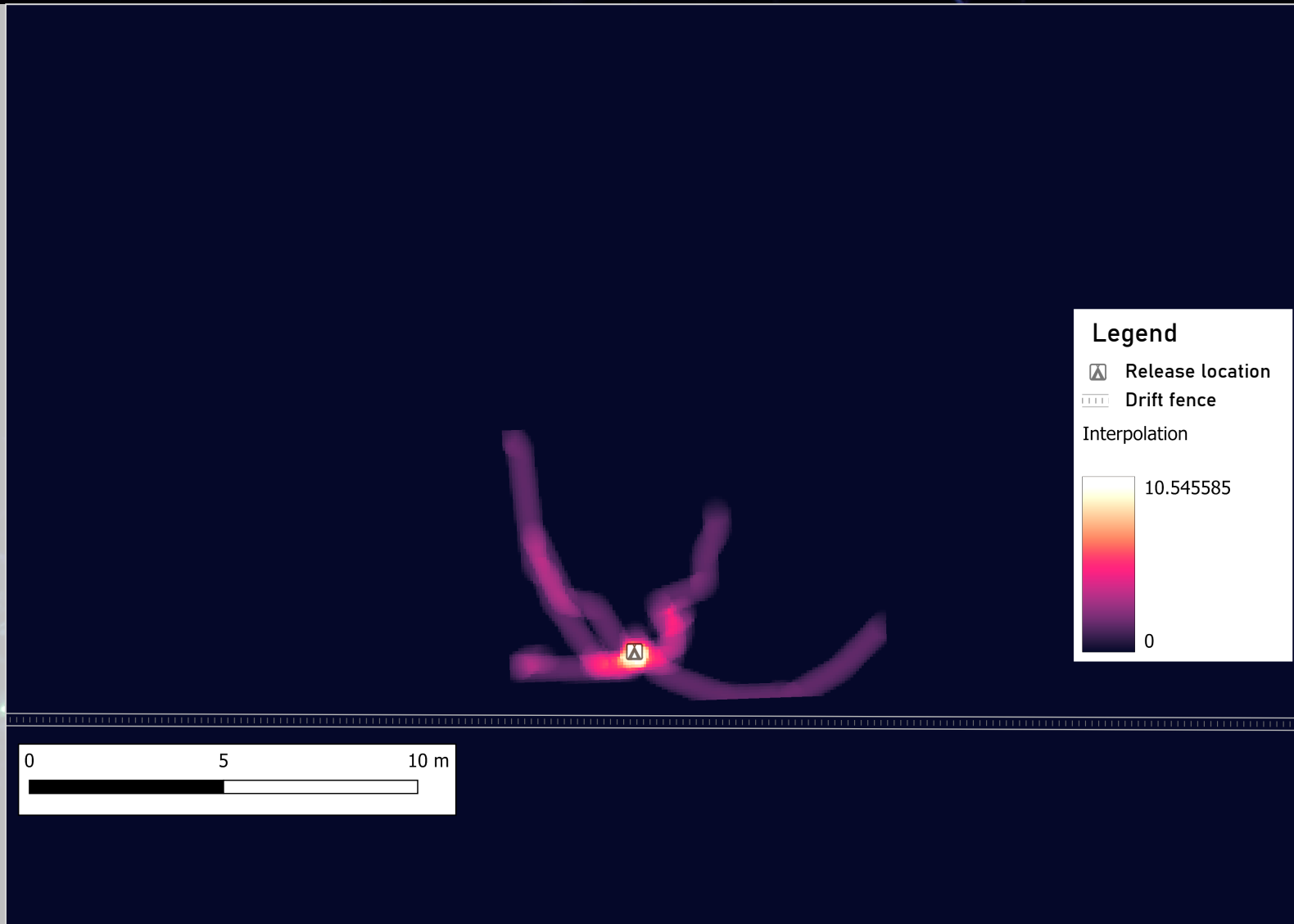


Stereotypical behaviours

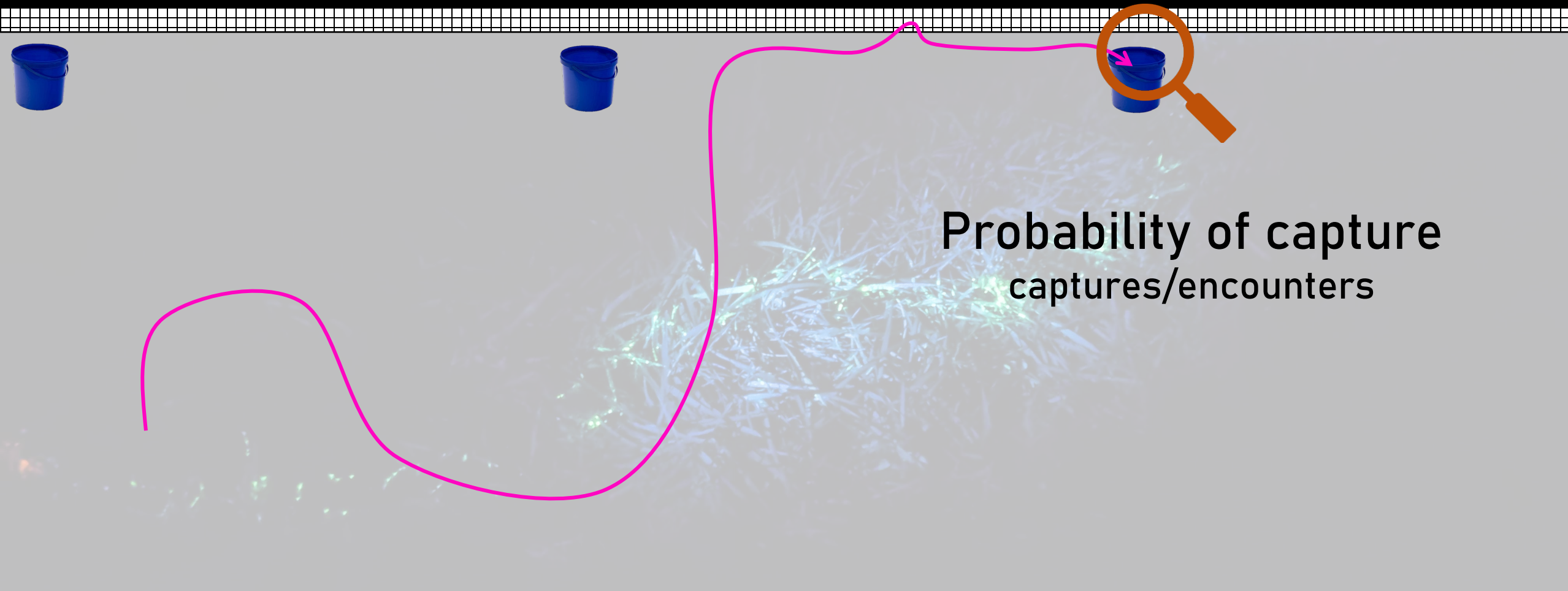
Migration withdrawal (n = 9)

- Rapid withdrawal

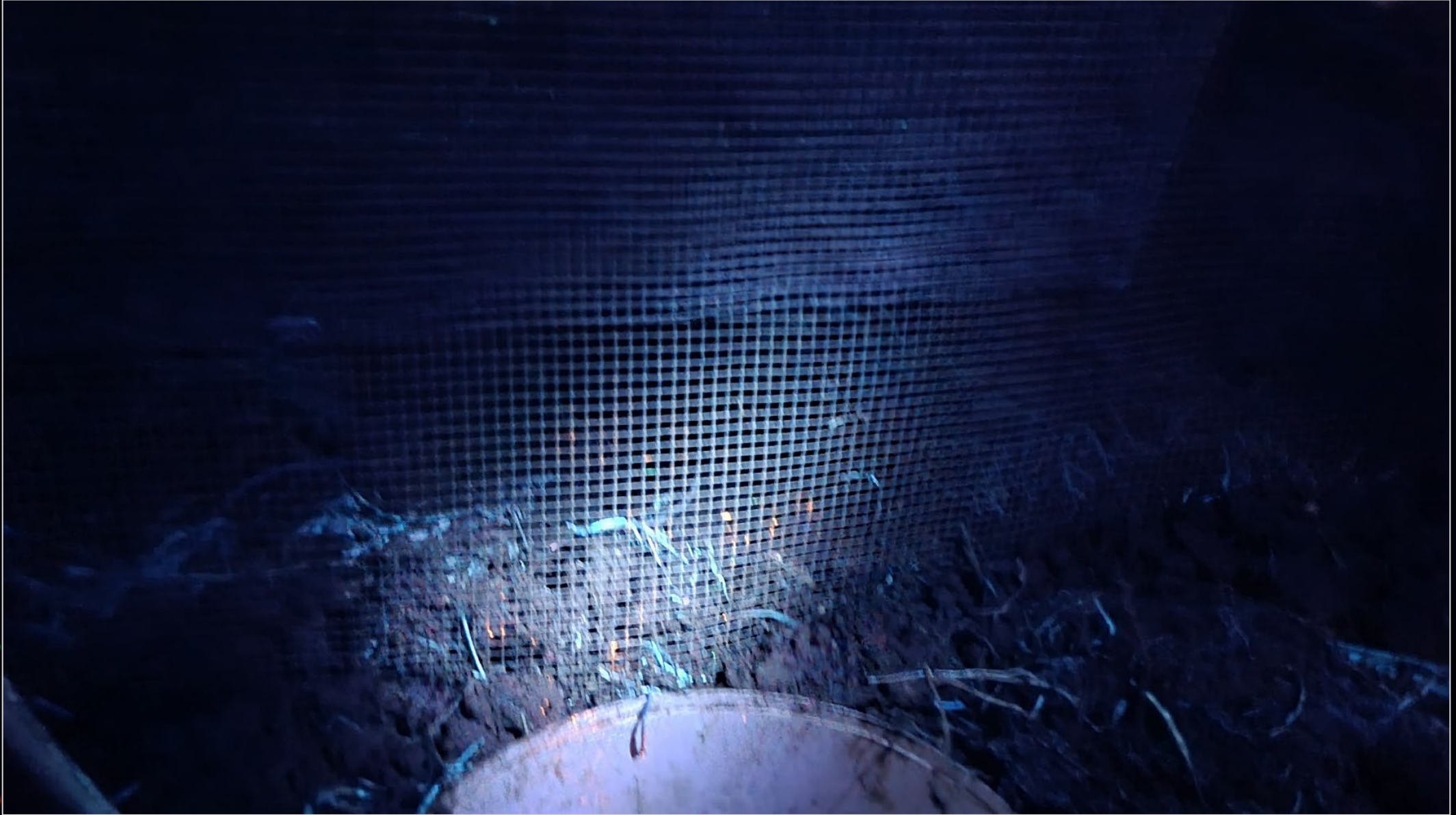
→ Lack of motivation



Capture probability



Capture probability



Capture probability

11 % of individuals confronted to a captation device avoided it

- 1 captation device : 0.89
- 2 captation devices : 0.99

Special notice

Lack of overhang



Théo De Gois



Théo De Gois



Théo De Gois

Special notice

Newts getting stuck in wire meshing (6 mm)



Théo De Gois

Special notice

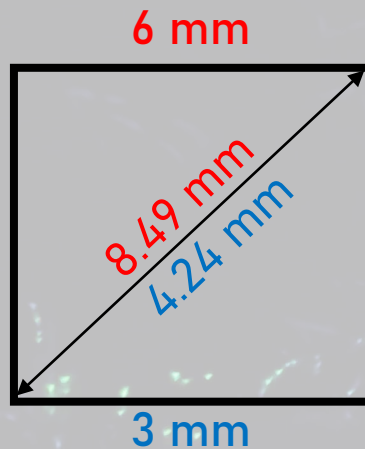
Newts getting stuck in wire meshing (6 mm)

Mean head width of *L. helveticus*:

Females = 7,6 mm

Males = 6,8 mm

(Bettencourt-Amarante *et al.* 2024)



Théo De Gois

Special notice

Fence not properly buried



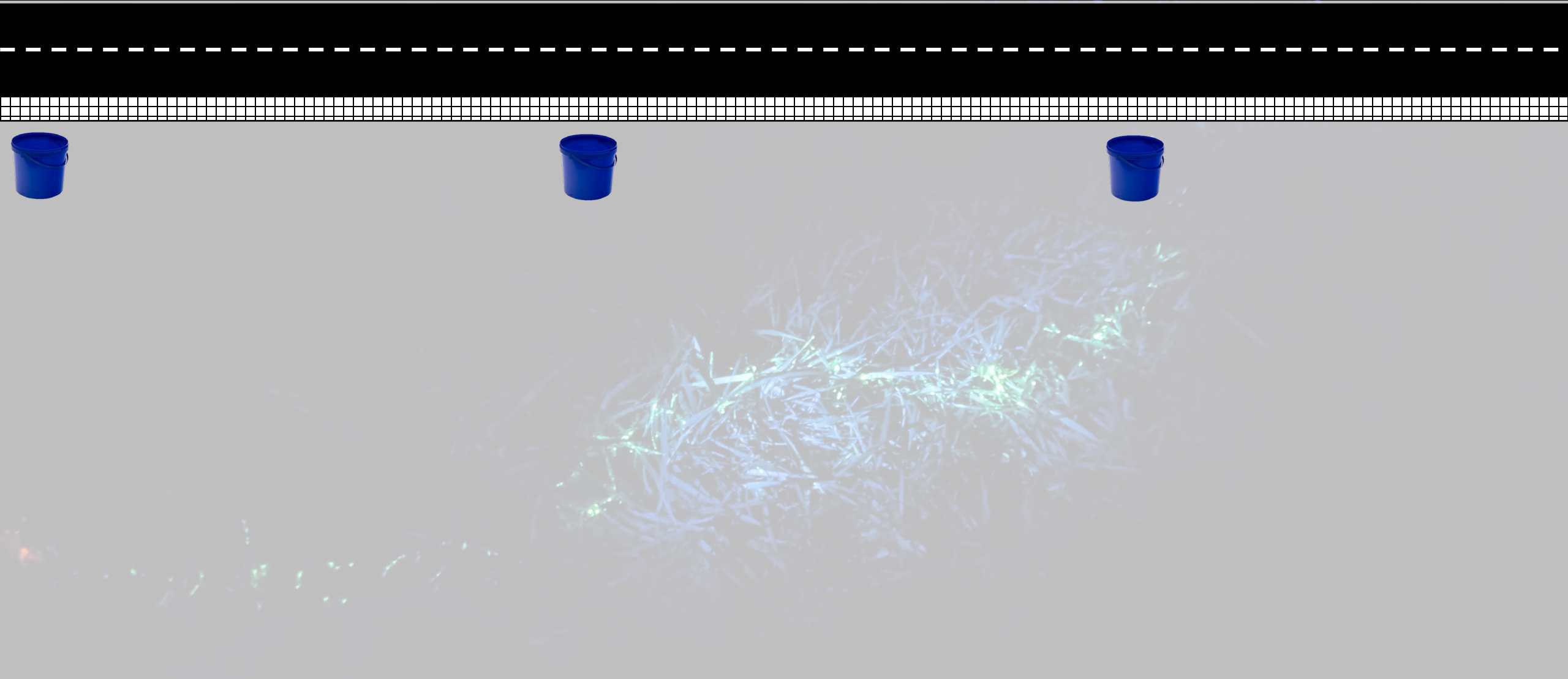
Cécile Soriano

Special notice

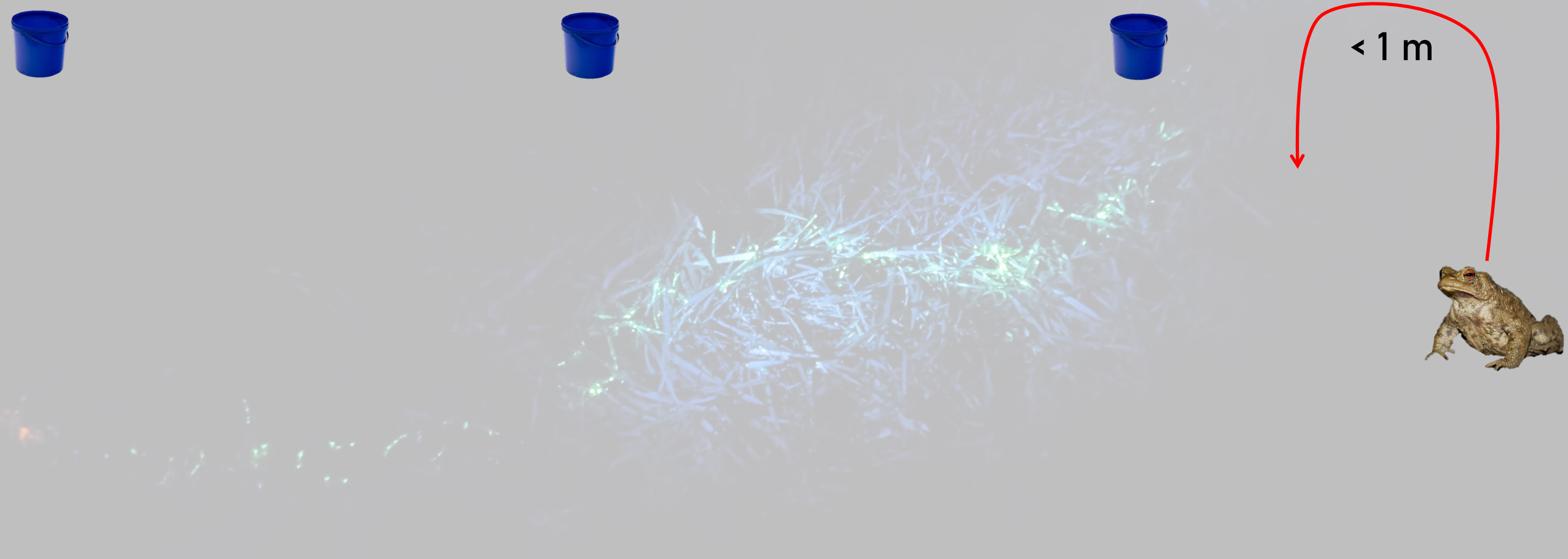
Poorly placed captation device



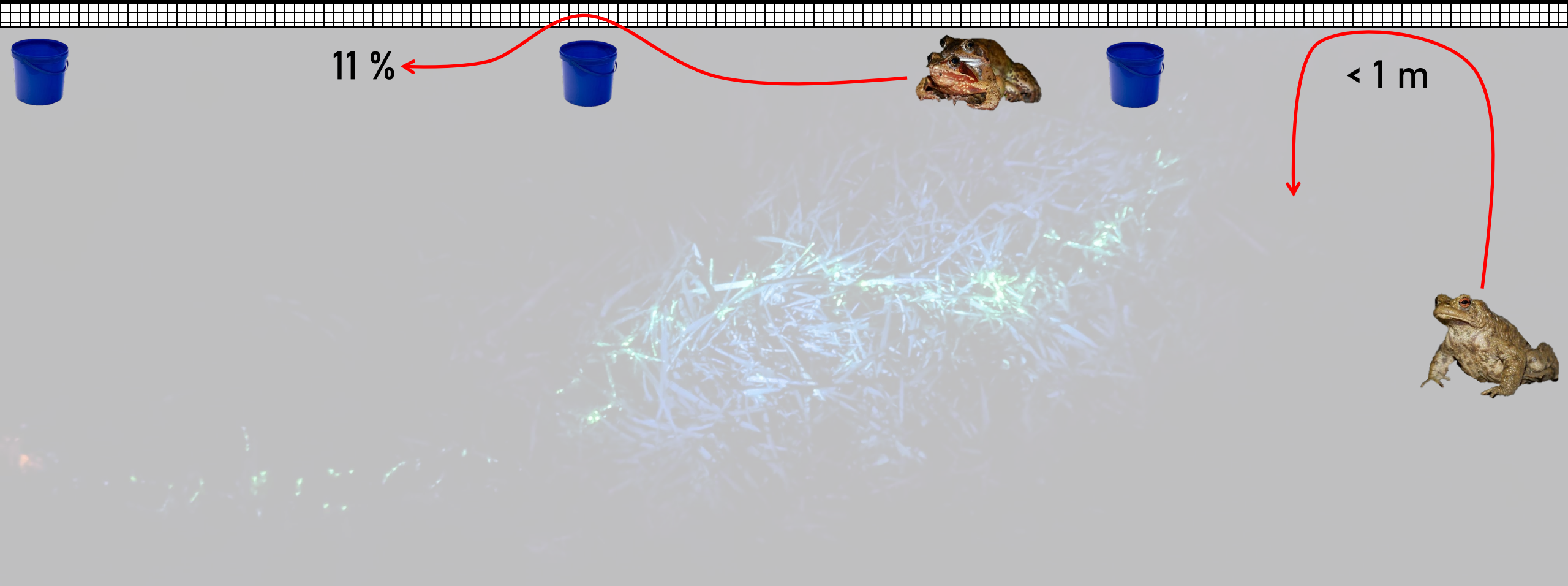
Conclusion



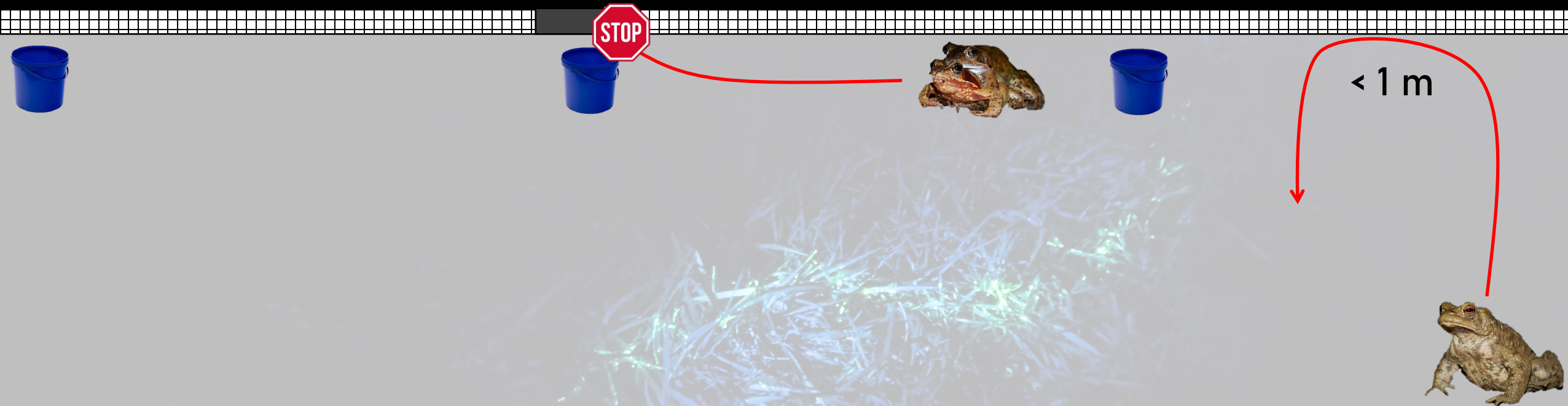
H1 - Migration Withdrawal



H2 - Captation device avoidance

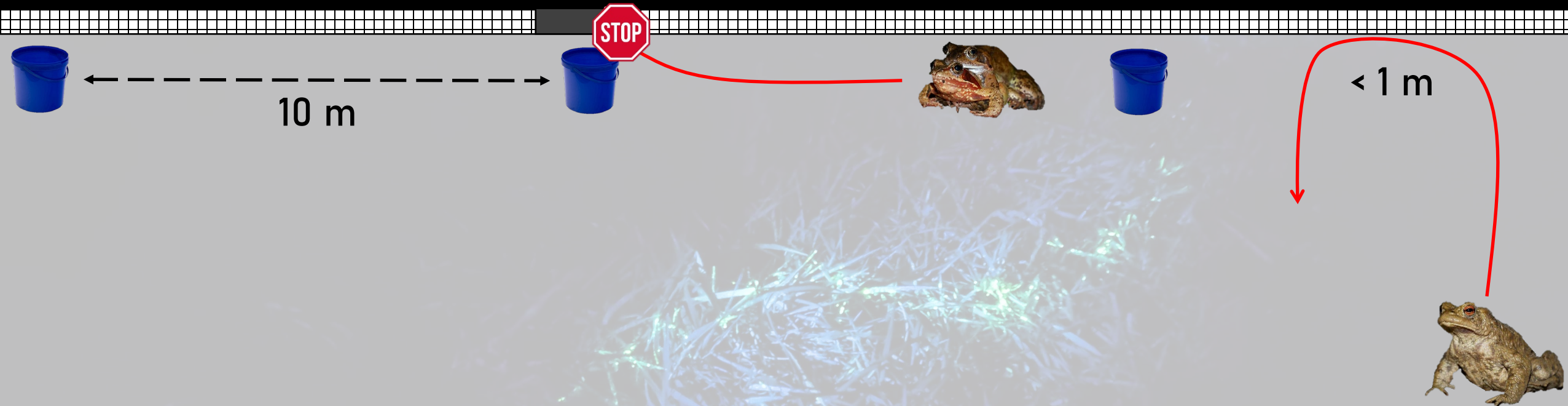


H2 - Captation device avoidance



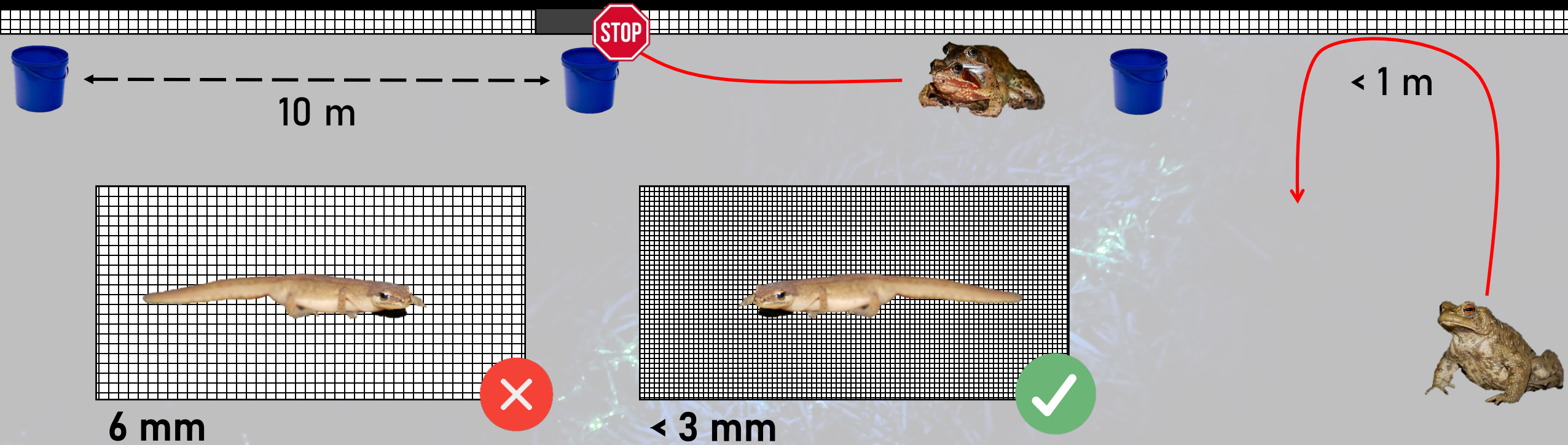
Use plastic/metal plates to prevent climbing

H3 - Captation device spacing

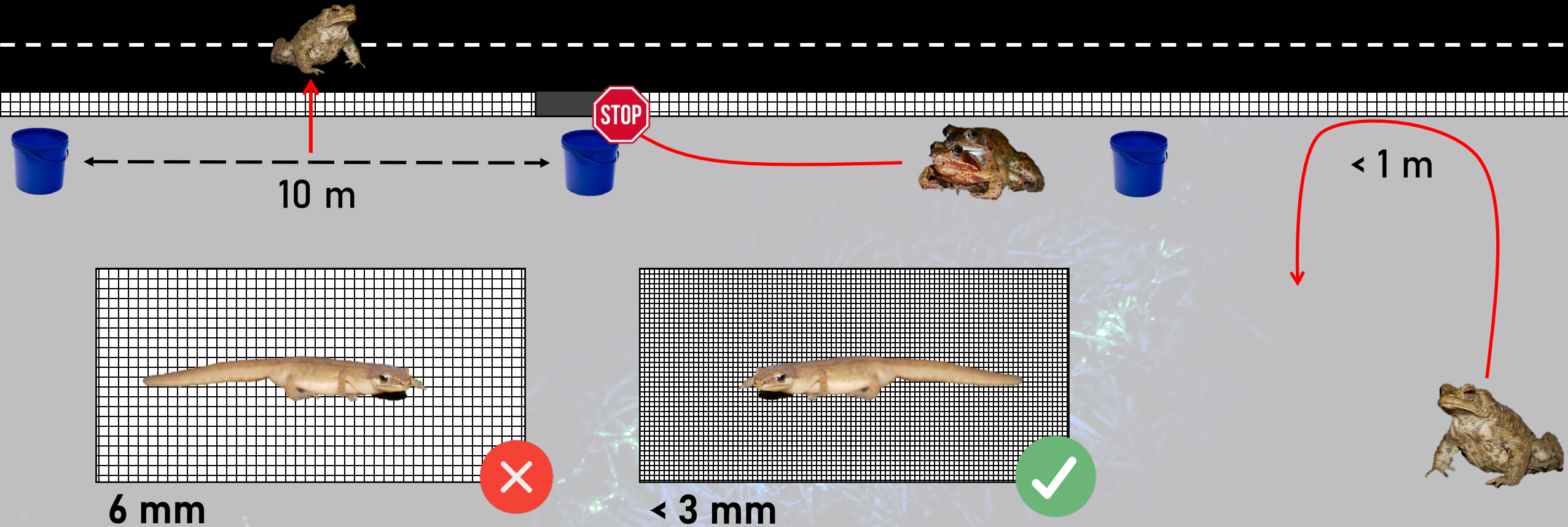


Assures atleast a 0.89 probability of capture

Bonus - Mesh size



Bonus - Structural guidelines



Common structural advices should be followed

Thank you for your attention !

And special thanks to :

Cécile SORIANO
Clara TANVIER
Mila WITCHER
Bleuenn LE BORGNE
Pierre LEMBRE
Tistou LUISIERE
Magnus MAGNARD
Lucas DURY

For their help in the
field !



Behaviour categorisation

Convert segment length & bearings into coordinates

$$\begin{aligned}\varphi_x &= \varphi_0 + (\sin \theta \cdot d) \\ \lambda_x &= \lambda_0 + (\cos \theta \cdot d)\end{aligned}$$

With :

φ_x : the unknown longitude

φ_0 : the longitude of the last coordinates

θ : the segment bearing

d : the segment length

λ_x : the unknown latitude

λ_0 : the latitude of the last coordinates

Haversine formula

$$D = 2r \cdot \arcsin \left(\sqrt{\sin^2 \left(\frac{\varphi_2 - \varphi_1}{2} \right) + \cos \varphi_1 \cdot \cos \varphi_2 \cdot \sin^2 \left(\frac{\lambda_2 - \lambda_1}{2} \right)} \right)$$

With :

r : Earth's radius

φ_1, φ_2 : the latitude of points 1 and 2

λ_1, λ_2 : the longitude of points 1 and 2

Statistical analyses

Controlling for suitable tests :

- No effect of paint colour, or sex → discarded for further analyses
- Impact of taxa on track length → LMM
- Frogs didn't withdraw → discarded when taxa had an effect
- Climbing, migration vs withdrawal : toads only

Taxa - track length



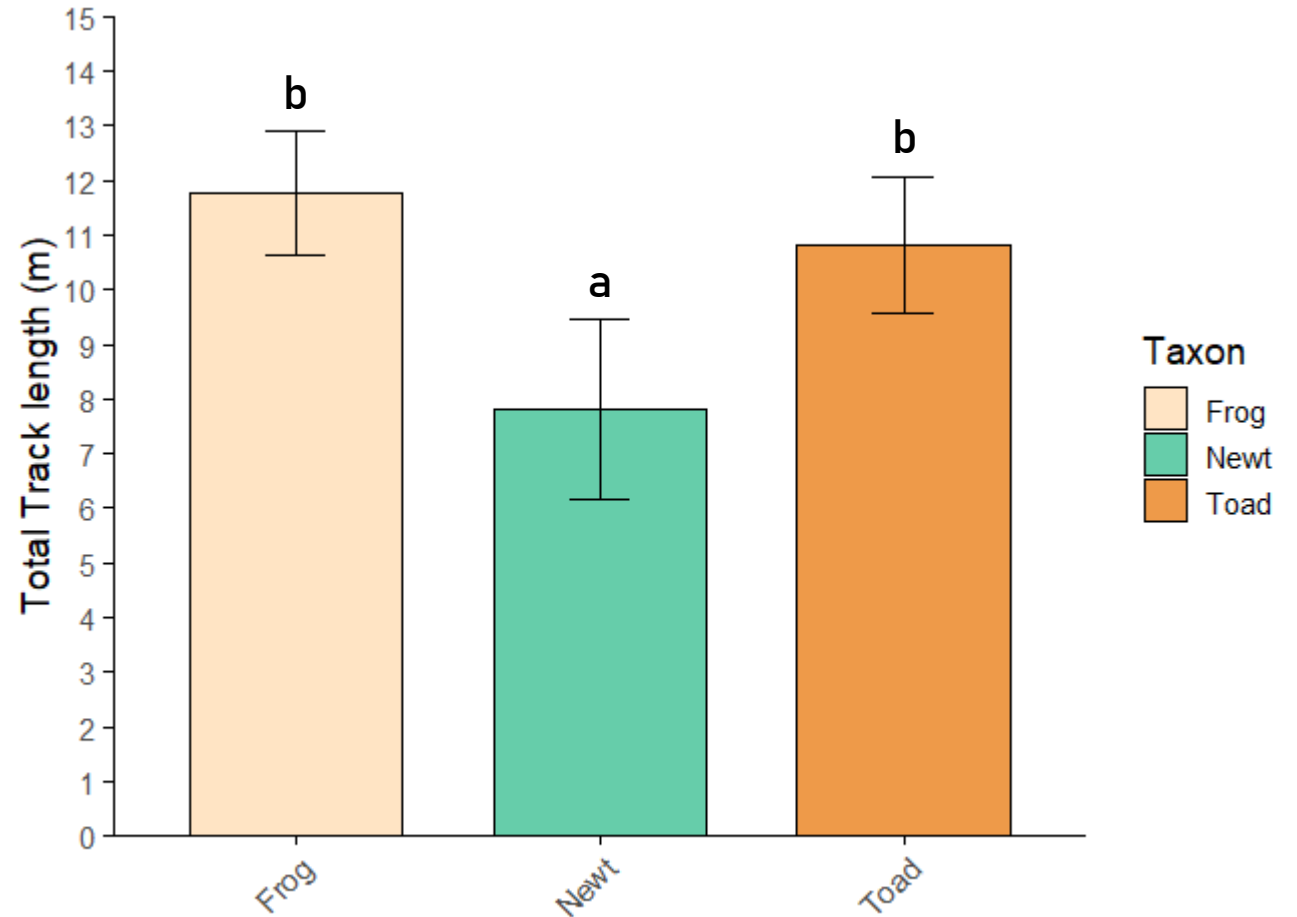
: 11.77 m (\pm 1.15)



: 7.82 (\pm 1.65)



: 10.83 (\pm 1.25)

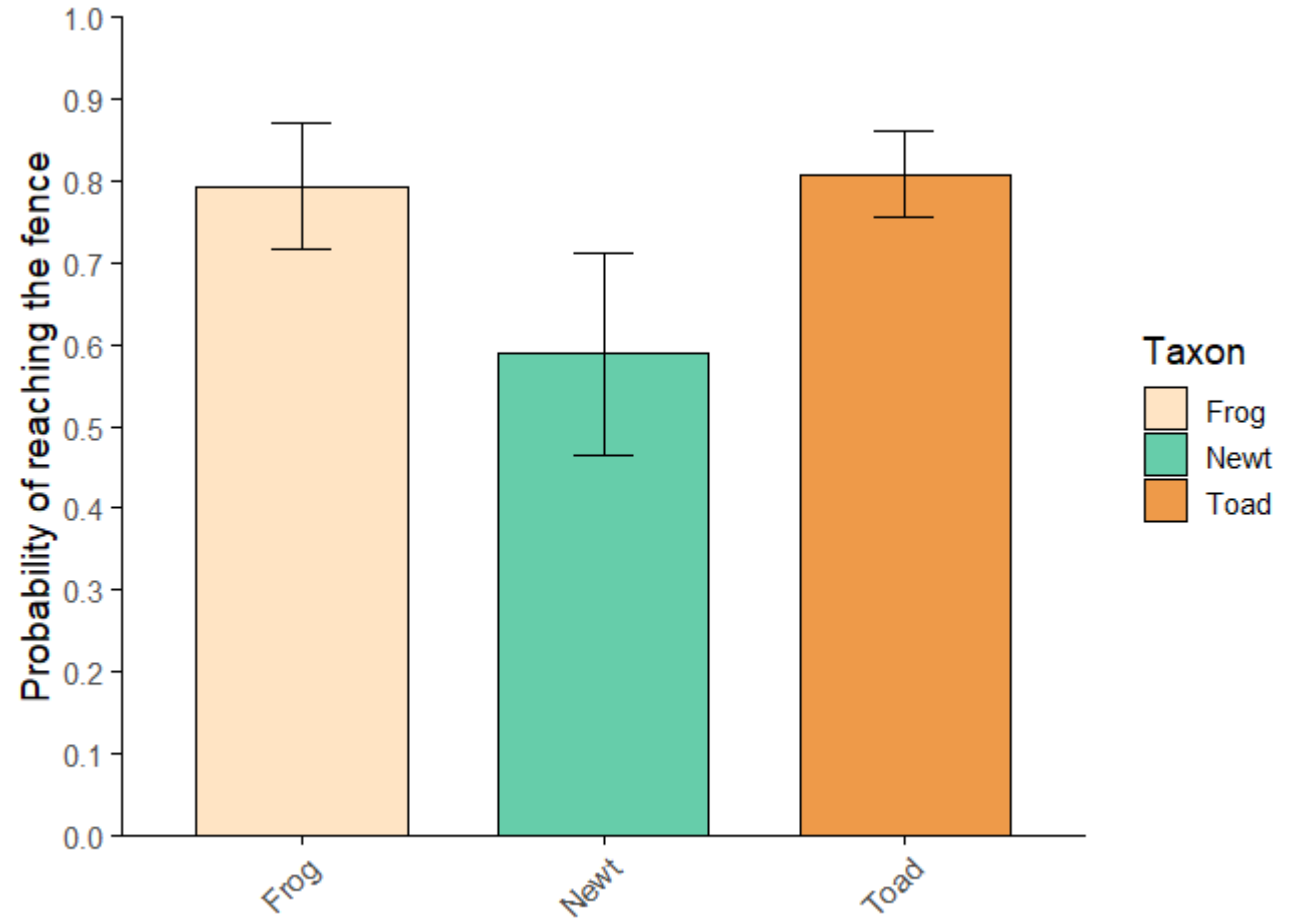


LM(log), Anova : $p < 0.01$ (Tukey post hoc)

Taxa - reaching the fence

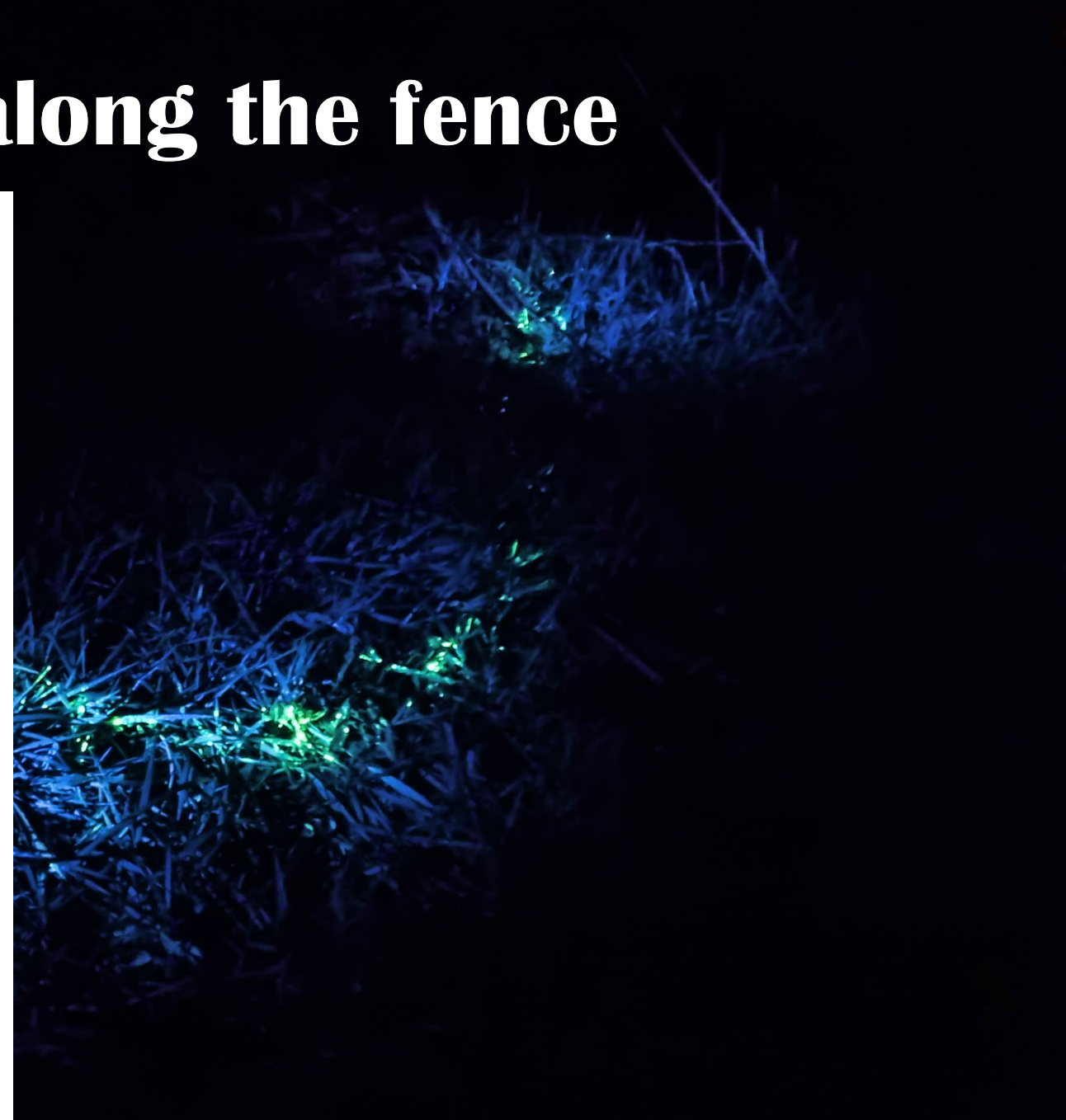
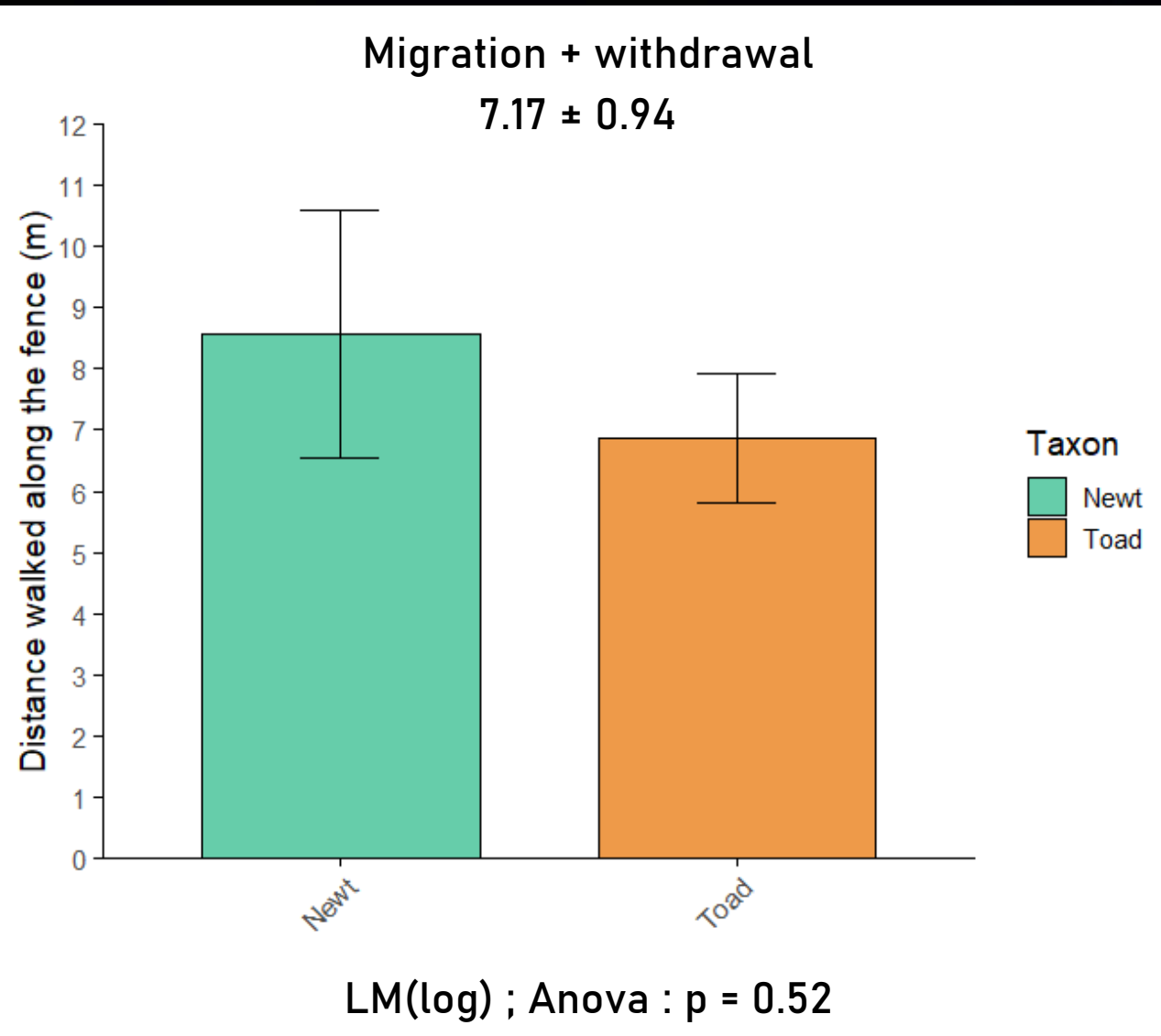
Probability of reaching
the fence :

0.77 (\pm 0.04)

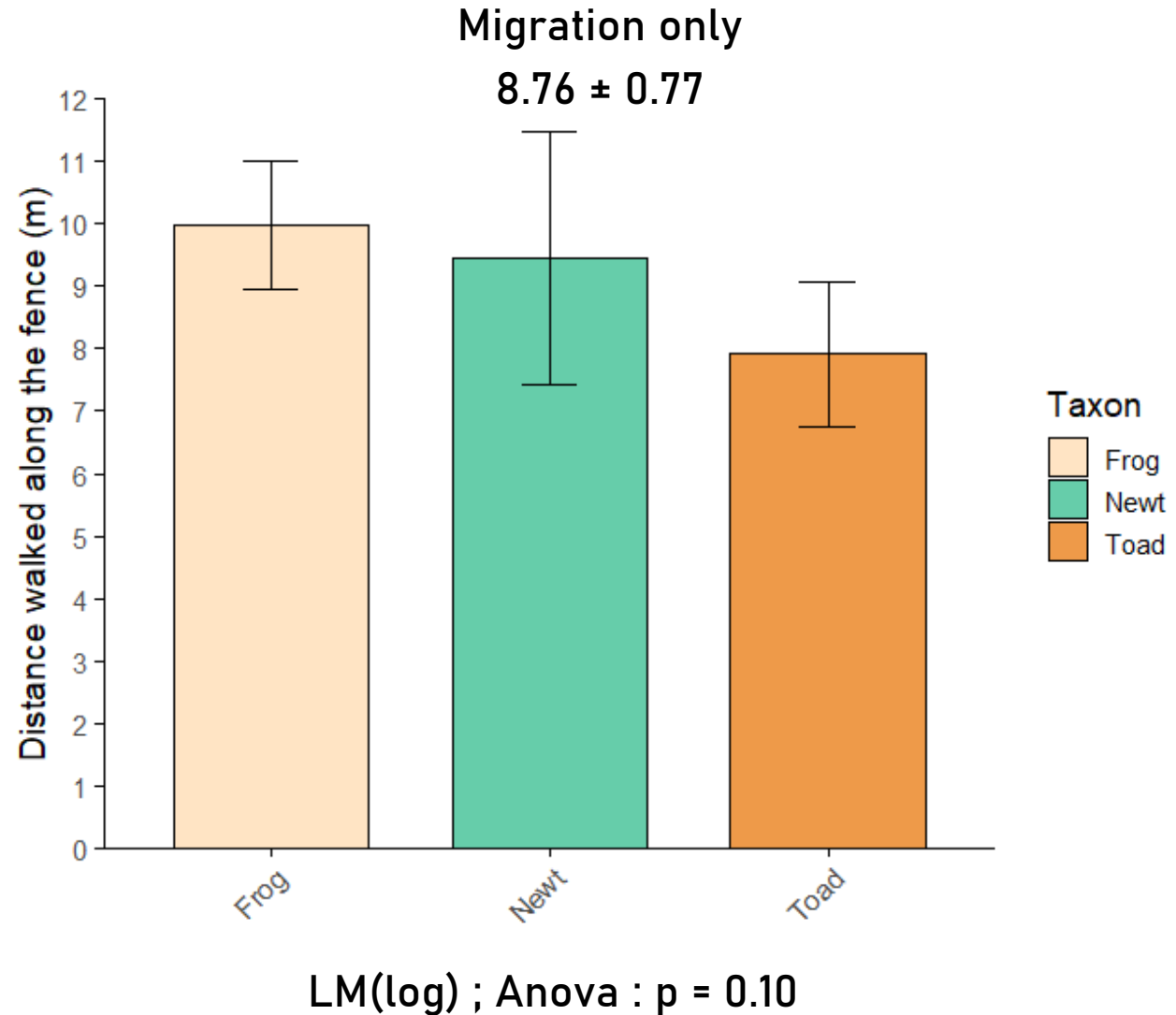
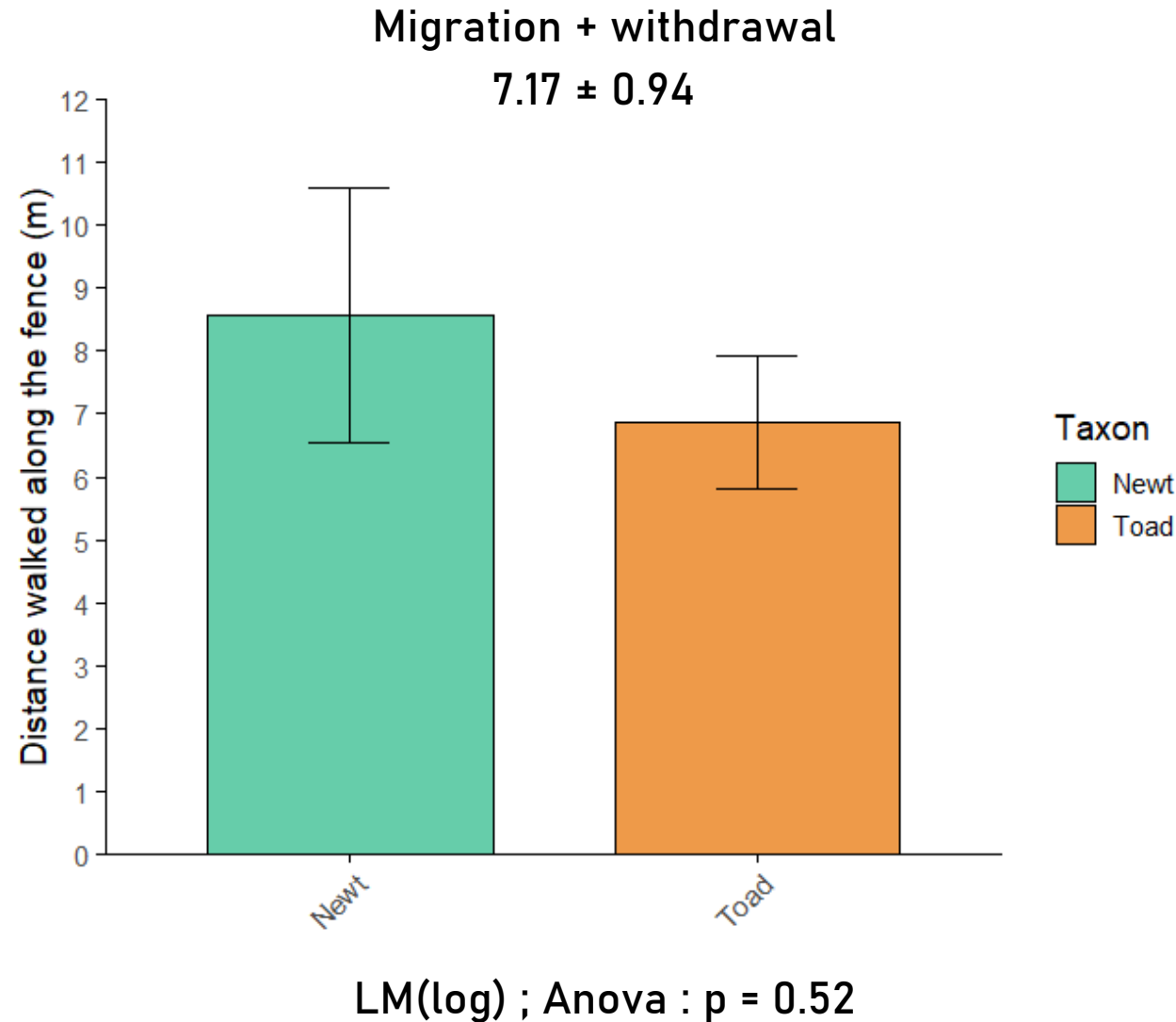


GLM, Anova : $p = 0.19$

Taxa - distance walked along the fence



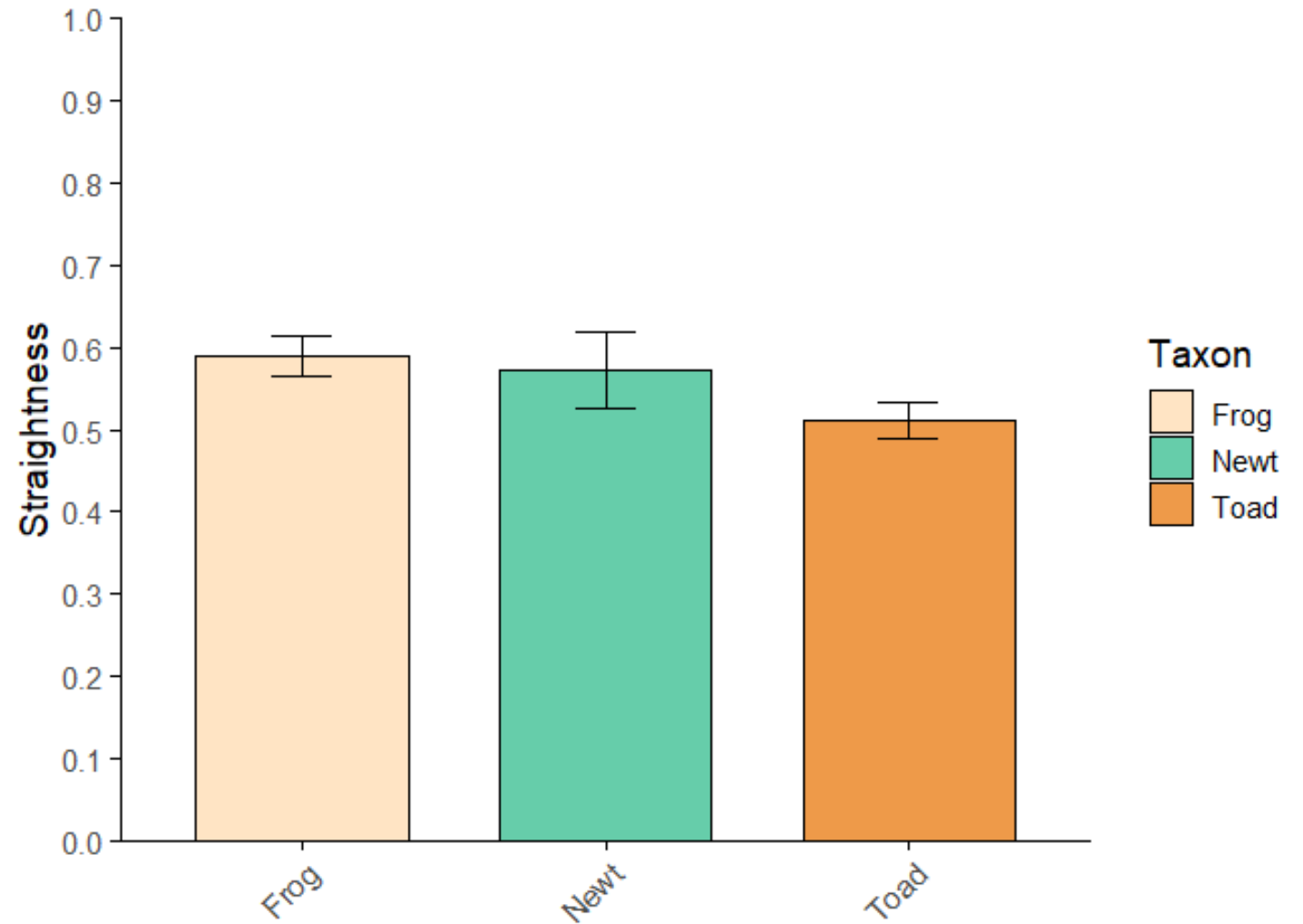
Taxa - distance walked along the fence



Taxa - straightness

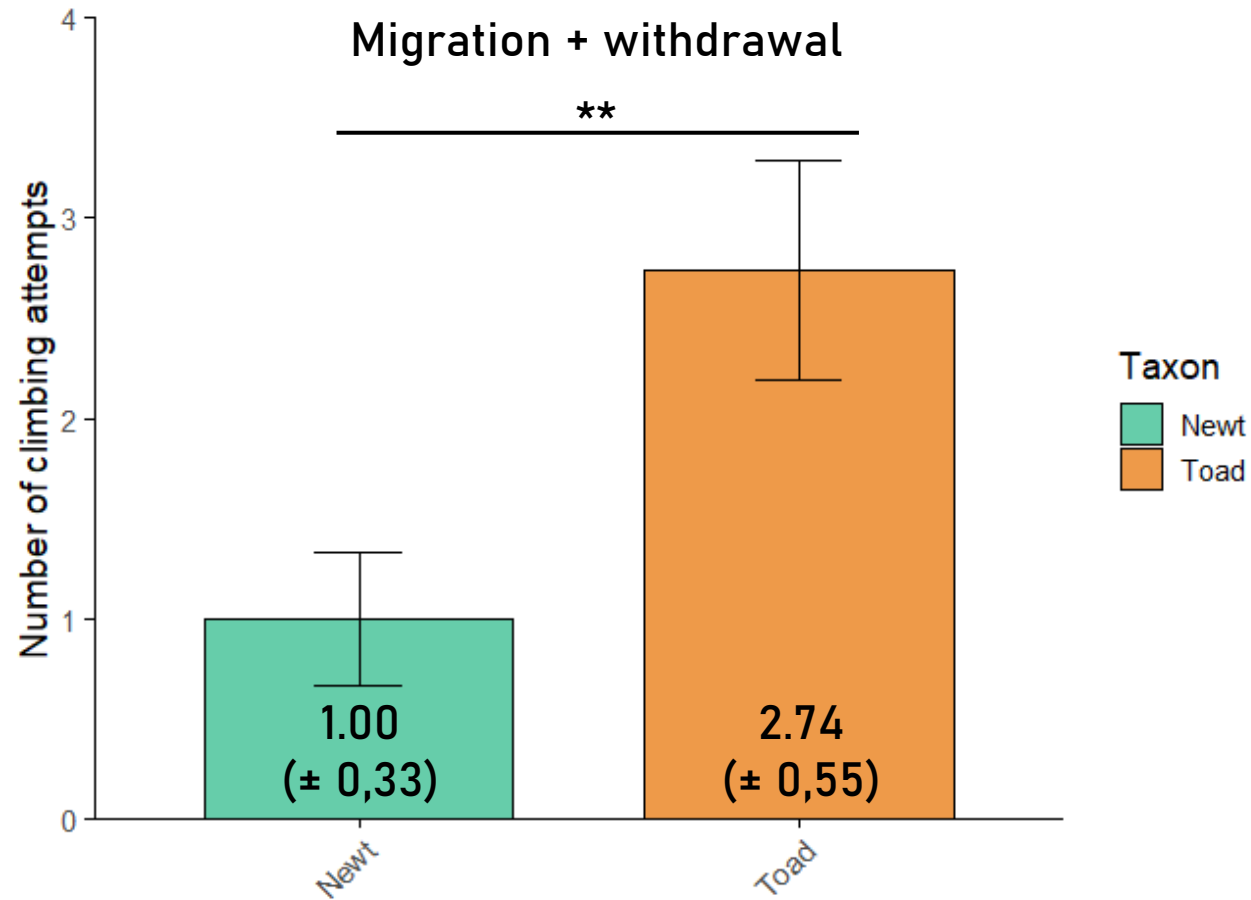
Mean straightness :

0.54 (\pm 0.02)

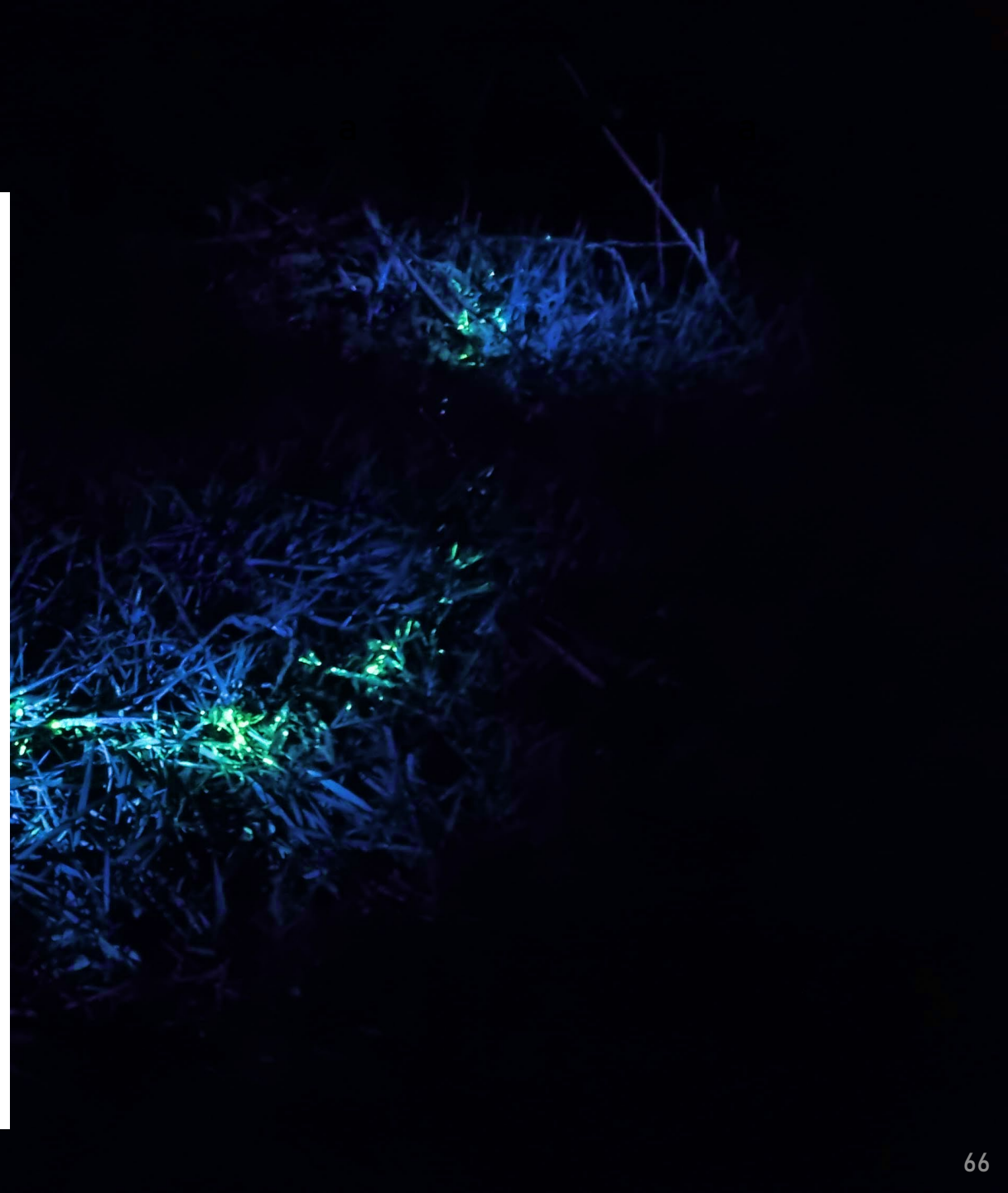


LM ; Anova : $p = 0.08$

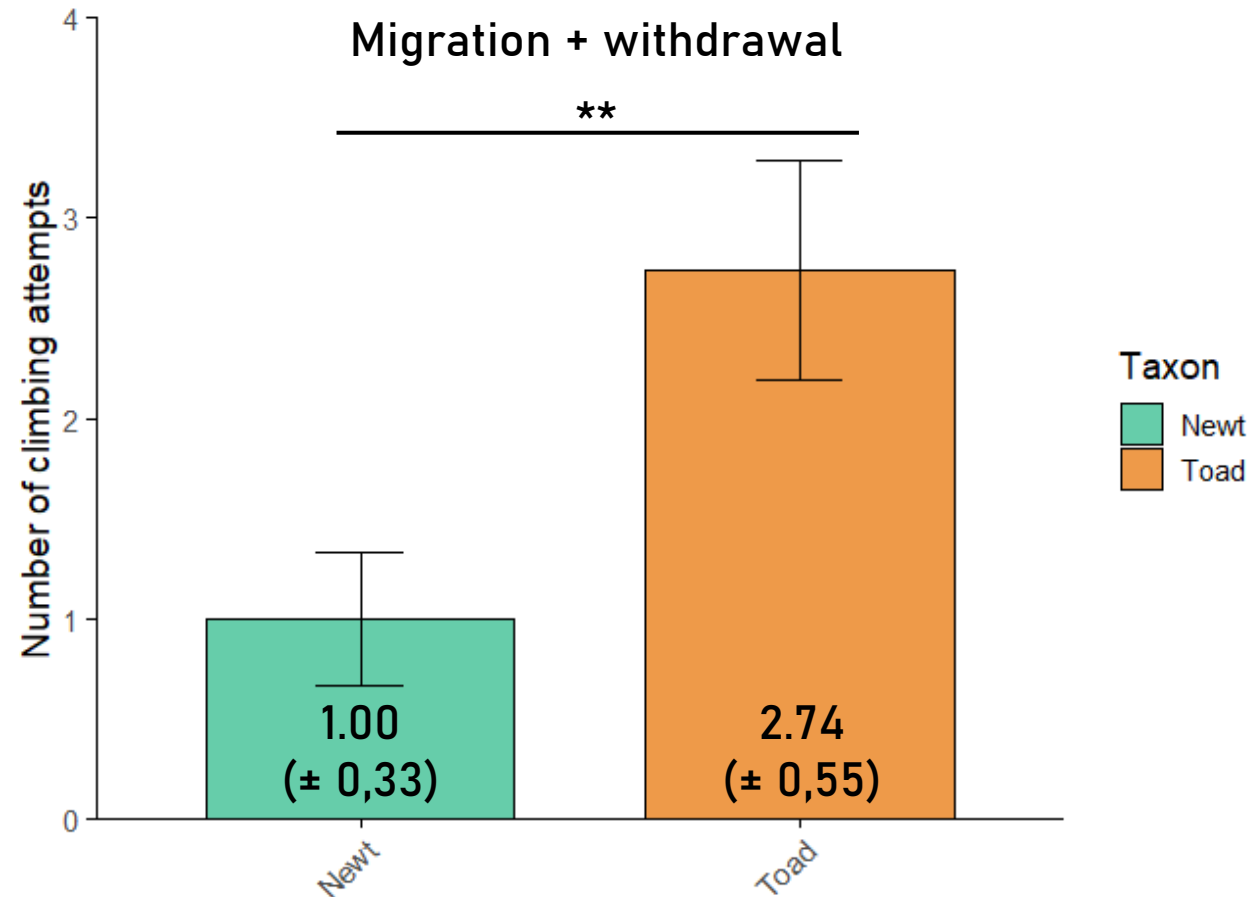
Taxa - climbing attempts



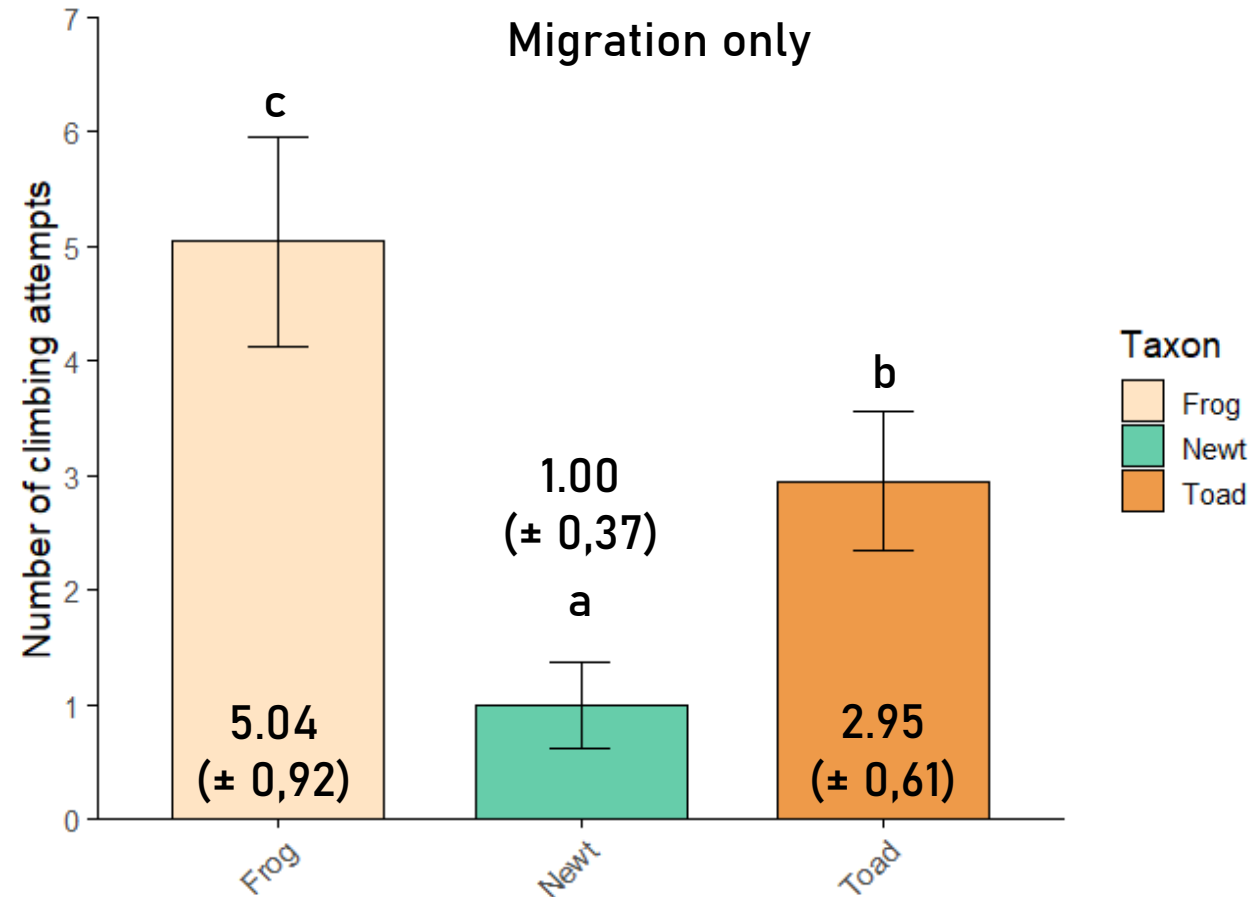
ZIN, Anova : $p < 0.01$



Taxa - climbing attempts



ZIN, Anova : $p < 0.01$



ZIN, Anova : $p < 0.05$ (Tukey post hoc)

Taxa - microhabitats

